

The Chelsea Standard

THE CHELSEA HERALD, Established 1871
THE CHELSEA STANDARD, Established 1889

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 1910.

VOLUME 39. NO. 32

WALL PAPER.

You can't afford to buy any Wall Paper until you have seen our line. We have an EXCLUSIVE line of READY TO USE CUT OUT BORDERS that you can not find elsewhere. You can't afford to send out of town to buy your Wall Paper. We can and will duplicate any prices quoted you from mail order houses, and besides you can see just what you are buying. We made many such sales last year, and we are doing it again this year. Bring your samples and prices to us and see if we can't secure your order.

Grocery Department

The way to make money is to save money. The way save money is to do your trading here.

- 3 cans Farmhouse Corn.....25c
- 3 cans Farmhouse Peas.....25c
- 3 boxes Matchless (either kind).....10c
- 1 pound Fancy Blend Coffee.....25c
- 6 bars Ivory Soap.....25c
- 6 bars Wool Soap, 5c size.....25c
- 1 pound Black Cross Tea.....50c
- 3 bars Rose Glycerine Toilet Soap.....10c
- 1 pound Seeded Raisins.....5c
- 7 pounds Schumacher's Rolled Avena Oats.....25c
- 3 cans Overbrook Tomatoes.....25c
- 3 cans Red Cap Hominy.....25c

ASK ABOUT GATE CITY RICE.

- 1 pound Red Cap Coffee.....20c
- Try a loaf of MERRY WIDOW BREAD and be convinced that it is second to none.

Yours for the RIGHT THINGS at RIGHT PRICES.

HENRY H. FENN COMPANY

SPRING OPENING SATURDAY, MARCH 19

An elegant line of Spring Millinery. Hats for Easter and early spring wear.

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WE ARE SELLING:

- Shelled Corn, per bushel.....\$.70
- Clear Oats and Corn ground, per ton.....28.00
- Spring Wheat Bran, per ton.....25.00
- Winter Wheat Bran, per ton.....27.00
- Middlings, per ton.....28.00
- Oats, per bushel......50

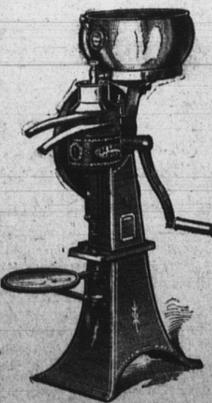
Don't forget we make the Good Flour.

Grinding of all kinds and Corn Cob Crushing.

Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co.

Hardware, Furniture and Farm Implements

We are now located in the Klein Building, and wish to thank you for the many favors shown us in the past while we were in temporary quarters, and solicit a continuance of your trade. We will try and serve you one and all to the best of our ability. We will have a nice, clean stock of goods to select from.



Cream Separators.

When it comes to Cream Separators you want the best. There is only one, and that is the DeLaval. We have them. Call and see us before buying.

HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

GOLDEN WEDDING.

Mr. and Mrs. George Taylor Celebrated That Event Monday.

A pleasant occasion was enjoyed at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Taylor one mile south of Chelsea on Monday, March 14, when about forty of their relatives and friends joined in helping them celebrate their golden wedding anniversary. There were present from out of town Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Taylor, of Lansing, Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Taylor and George Taylor, of Detroit, Miss Mary Telty, of Unadilla, sister of Mrs. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Taylor related to both, Mrs. Silas Hensenway and daughter Mrs. Mapes, of Gregory, Robert Harrison and sister and Mrs. Mary E. Pfabe, of Ann Arbor.

After a bountiful dinner was served D. B. Taylor in behalf of the company made a very fitting speech presenting them with a beautiful clock, a pair of gold bowed spectacles, a ladies' handsome gold pin and a souvenir sash as a memento of the occasion.

The occasion was a very pleasant one and much enjoyed by all.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor are 77 and 75 years old respectively and have spent their lives for the most part in this vicinity having moved here from Unadilla in 1861. The enthusiasm and good will of the forty relatives and friends who met to celebrate the happy event were a fitting representation of the high esteem in which they are held by their friends among whom they have spent their long and useful lives.

It is given to only a few to celebrate that event in their lives and they are to be congratulated that they have been spared to do so and to leave to the relatives and friends the only legacy worth living for, the recollection of happy well spent lives. The entire community join in congratulating Mr. and Mrs. Taylor on their happy anniversary.

Mrs. Charles H. Kempf.

Mrs. Charles H. Kempf died Wednesday morning, March 16, 1910, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. J. Chandler in Detroit.

Although Mrs. Kempf had been in poor health for the past two years the news of her death was a shock to this community where she has always lived and is loved and respected. She will be missed in social and church circles in which she was very active up to the past two years.

Mrs. Mary E. Freer Kempf, was born in Lima 72 years ago and was married to Chas. H. Kempf in 1854, since which time she has always resided in Chelsea. She is survived by her husband, Chas. H. Kempf, one daughter, Mrs. C. J. Chandler, of Detroit, and two sons, Wilbur G., of Hillsdale, and George H., of Detroit.

The funeral will be held at the Congregational church Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, the pastor, Rev. M. L. Grant officiating. Interment Oak Grove cemetery.

All the business places in the village will be closed during the services.

Stayed On His Job.

A score or more of Congressman Charles E. Townsend's lieutenants assembled at the Griswold house Thursday to talk over plans for Townsend's campaign for senator. It was a disappointment to them that Townsend did not come on from Washington for the Wayne county republicans' banquet. But the disappointment faded when this telegram from Townsend was read:

"We are in a critical stage of our great railroad bill. I have tried to postpone, but it cannot be done. The fight is fierce and may mean defeat if I go to Detroit. Tell my friends to be patient and I will report satisfactorily."

Nothing was done at the conference except swap views as to what was the best plans for the campaign. On this point there were differences of opinion, although not serious.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin."

In many respects Al. W. Martin's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" is the most important of the season's productions. In the first place, it serves to exploit the masterpieces of two of Europe's noted artists, i. e., Ralph Brunt's elaborate painting entitled "The Celestial City" and Martz Verion's picture the "New Orleans Slave Mart" and secondly it has brought back into prominence the memories of that grand old lady, Harriet Beecher Stowe, and serves to reveal the beautiful lessons really to be learned by careful attention. The Martin revival will be brought to the Sylvan Theatre, Thursday, March 24.

THE PEOPLE'S TICKET BY LARGE MAJORITY.

VILLAGE ELECTION RESULTED IN COMPLETE CHANGE IN ADMINISTRATION.

The village election on Monday passed off very quietly in spite of the fact that a full vote was out, four hundred and forty-one ballots being cast. The present administration was badly defeated, receiving 117 votes, the People's 308 and 16 tickets being without any head, the entire People's ticket being elected. The following is the result in detail:

- President—George P. Staffan, p.....314—189
- George A. BeGole, c.....125
- Clerk—W. H. Heselshwerdt, p.....265—92
- Clarence W. Maroney, c.....173
- Treasurer—Jacob Hummel, p.....290
- J. Nelson Dancer, p.....312
- George W. Palmer, p.....286
- Albert E. Winans, c.....150
- Frederick Schultz, c.....120
- A. H. Schumacher, c.....149

- Assessor—Geo. W. Millsbaugh, p.....323—209
- Nelvin H. Cook, c.....114
- Assessor—Orrin C. Burkhart, p.....235—32
- J. Wilbur VanRiper, c.....203

A Proclamation.

Whereas by the Act of Congress approved July 2, 1909, the Thirteenth Decennial Census of the United States is to be taken, beginning on the fifteenth day of April, nineteen hundred and ten; and

Whereas a correct enumeration of the population every ten years is required by the Constitution of the United States for the purpose of determining the representation of the several states in the House of Representatives; and

Whereas it is of the utmost importance to the interests of all the people of the United States that this census should be a complete and accurate report of the population and resources of the country;

Now, therefore, I William Taft, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known that, under the act aforesaid, it is the duty of every person to answer all questions on the census schedules applying to him and the family to which he belongs, and to the farm occupied by him or his family, and that any adult refusing to do so is subject to penalty.

The sole purpose of the census is to secure general statistical information regarding the population and resources of the country, and replies are required from individuals only in order to permit the compilation of such general statistics. The census has nothing to do with taxation, with army or jury service, with the compulsion of school attendance, with the regulation of immigration, or with the enforcement of any national, state, or local law or ordinance, nor can any person be harmed in any way by furnishing the information required. There need be no fear that any disclosure will be made regarding any individual person or his affairs. For the due protection of the rights and interests of the persons furnishing information every employee of the census bureau is prohibited, under heavy penalty, from disclosing any information which may thus come to his knowledge.

I therefore earnestly urge upon all persons to answer promptly, completely, and accurately all inquiries addressed to them by the enumerators or other employees of the Census Bureau, and thereby to contribute their shares toward making this great and necessary public undertaking a success.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this fifteenth day of March, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and ten, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and thirty-fourth.

WM. H. TAFT.
By the President:
P. C. KNOX,
Secretary of State.

Notice.
Members of the Young Ladies' Sodality of the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart are requested to meet at St. Mary's school after high mass Sunday, March 20.

FRANCIS STEELE, Prefect.

WAS A SUCCESS.

The St. Patrick's Day Celebration at St. Mary's Hall.

There was a large audience at the St. Patrick exercises held in St. Mary's hall Wednesday evening. The lecture "My Trip Through Ireland" by Rev. M. J. Comerford, of Placemoy, was an excellent one and delivered in a masterly manner. The Rt. Rev. Monsignor DeBever of Dexter presided, and the following program was rendered:

- Hibernia's Saint, all hail.....Chorus
- Lecture—"My Trip Through Ireland" Rev. M. J. Comerford.
- Ode to St. Patrick.....Rosaline Kelly
- Piano Solo.....Agnes Gorman
- See Saw.....Action Song
- Mary Hummel, Wilhelmina Burg, Leo Kelly, Henry Merker.
- Dear Little Shamrock.....Trio
- George Corey, William Ryan, Lawrence Dunn.
- St. Patrick's Day Variations.....Josephine Miller
- Harp That Once Through Tara's Halls.....Junior Boys
- Irish Medley.....Violin and Piano
- Irene and Russel Revolt.
- The Train to Mauro.....Dialogue
- Agnes Breitenbach, Winifred Staphis, Laurence Dunn.
- Song.....Killarney
- Edna Rafferty.

Bagg-Walker Wedding.

George Walker, of Sharon, and Miss Mabel Bagg, of Grass Lake, entered the office of Justice William Doty Monday morning, and, with two newspaper reporters as witnesses, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony by the "Judge." The ceremony was a simple but very impressive one, the latter due largely to the amount of stress laid upon certain covenants contained in the marriage vows by the justice of the peace. The young couple left soon after for Grass Lake where Mr. Walker has purchased a farm and where they will make their future home. Following the ceremony, the newly wed couple received the congratulations and well wishes of a small party which had witnessed the nuptial event.—News Times.

School Notes.

Miss Morhouse and Miss Barch were on the sick list last week.

The regular bi-monthly examinations are being held in the high school this week.

Special emphasis is being put upon spelling and mental arithmetic in all grades of the school.

Three new foreign students entered the grades last Monday. The total non-resident enrollment is now 67.

Miss Depew has been sick during the past week. Her classes are being taught by Supt. Hendry and two of the high school teachers.

The junior class of our high school will present the comedy "Merchant of Venice Up-to-date," in the near future. Look out for the date.

The percentage of attendance up to the last report was very satisfactory, but during the last two weeks many have been absent on account of sickness.

The Board of Education are planning to offer a course of study which will appeal more to the needs of the average student. Several new courses are to be added.

There is an impression abroad that our high school has been removed from the accredited list of the university but this is not so, as our school is accredited until February, 1911.

New Sunny South Company.

After years of experience with all the greatest colored shows of recent times and years of endeavor as a manager of his own aggregation, J. C. Rockwell has reached a secure place in the recognition of the theatre going public. Today it is a conceded and undisputed fact that his New Sunny South company, which will appear at the Sylvan Theatre Saturday evening, March 19th, is one of the strongest, brightest, most complete and capable colored organizations ever sent on tour.

Watch for Them.

A number of complaints have been received at several places about the state concerning a group of tailors who have been travelling about the county taking orders from farmers for suits. After the tailors had departed it was invariably found that the signed "orders" were promissory notes, all of which were discounted promptly at the local banks. When the goods were delivered the buyers usually found them of inferior quality and workmanship.

The Standard "Want" advs. give good results. Try them.

The New Wall Papers ARE HERE.

We are prepared to show you the BRIGHTEST, CLEANEST, NEWEST STOCK OF WALL PAPER EVER SHOWN IN CHELSEA. We have selected the best designs and colorings from the leading manufacturers of this country. Our stock comes from such firms as Robt. Graves & Co., Becker, Smith & Page, The Glenhill Wall Paper Co., S. A. Maxwell & Co., and other equally well known makers.

The Designs and Colorings

this year are more beautiful than ever before. There is nothing that will go so far toward refurnishing and beautifying the home (for the money expended) as artistic and harmonious wall hangings.

Perhaps the Home Looks Dingy

and smoky; try as you will you cannot make things look bright and cherry with the broom and dust cloth.

The Remedy is New Wall Paper.

Come in and let us show you what we have; how to treat the hanging of the different kinds and styles; ask to see our books of helpful hints about the decoration of the home.

PRICES THE LOWEST AT THE

Rexall Store.

L. T. FREEMAN COMPANY.

GET THE HABIT

Habit is repeated action. You act upon a good suggestion and you are certain to acquire good habits. Saving is a habit. It follows suggestion and action. The saving habit is easier to form than any of the wasteful habits. You must "get the habit." The Farmers & Merchants Bank will help you.

Farmers & Merchants Bank

FRED H. BELSER'S ONE-PRICE STORE

STOVES
SELLING AGENTS
FOR
RANGES
Deering Mowers, Harvesters and Binders; Sterling Hay Loaders and Rakes; Gale Plows and Farming Tools; Burch Plows and Land Rollers; Walker & Co., and Flint Buggies; Birdsell Farm Wagons; American and Adrian Fences; Goshen, Myers and Lowden Hay Tools; Bradley Incubators; Boydeell Paints and Berry Varnishes.

General HARDWARE and FURNITURE

Implements, Wagons, Buggies and Harness

FRED. H. BELSER.

The Chelsea Standard

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

SHARK HAS MESMERIC POWER

At Least That is the Way Sailor Accounts for Effect Produced on Him.

"Ever get mesmerized by a fish?" said the skipper. "No? Well, I have been many a time. It was a shark that did it."

"I don't know the scientific name of this particular variety of shark, but it abounds on the Nantucket shoals. When full grown they are from eight to ten feet long and weigh from 500 to 700 pounds. They have a broad head, with the mouth well under it. They have saw teeth, five rows of them, about an inch and a half long, and they can flatten the lot and chew their gums. But for a human being the peril is in the eyes."

"I don't believe in man eating sharks. I believe that if a shark is in bloody water he gets excited and will snap at anything he sees; but let one of those fellows get his eye on you and you don't know where you are at."

"They have a habit of coming up alongside of your live boxes and lying there while you fish. Then when you get anything on your line the shark has it off before you get a chance to pull."

"I remember the first time I saw one of them. I was a boy at the time, and one of these fellows had come up alongside of my live box and I put my hand out and touched his back. He didn't seem to mind it at all, but a minute later when I stood up I caught sight of his eyes, or one of them. Well, sir, I just tumbled back in the boat and was as helpless as a jelly-fish out of water."

"I don't know how to explain it. The eyes of this fish are no bigger than the point of your little finger, but there is something that comes out of them that makes you tumble all in a heap. Many a time after that did I have a similar experience, and I know of a lot of men who have felt the same effect. The only explanation I could suggest is that the shark's eye has some sort of mesmeric power."

Woman's Work Well Done.

Half forgotten by a public whose ears rang with her praises two generations ago, and approaching the time of life when rest and reflection are considered appropriate, Ida Lewis, the keeper of Lime Rock lighthouse, still attends to her important duties as faithfully and capably as at any previous period during her 53 years' residence on the rocky island. Daily she pursues a round of labor which would exhaust a much stronger woman, and there is never an hour throughout the night when she does not unconsciously awaken, attentive to the red glow which assures her the light is fulfilling its mission. Most impressive of all, perhaps, in her long tale of service, is the fact that she has spent only a half-dozen nights out of the rock since she became keeper in 1879.—Putnam's.

Fastidious Man.

An observing person said the other day that if anyone wished to assure himself that men are more fastidious than women let him go into a restaurant and observe both sexes.

"Why, do you know," he said, "there is one man who eats at a downtown restaurant where I do. He brings his own knife and fork and spoon in a box—a sterilized one, I suppose—and uses them exclusively. The first time I noticed him he was in the act of returning his silver to its case, and thinking he was helping himself to the company's plate, I pointed him out to a waiter."

"Oh, it's his own stuff," said the latter with a chuckle. "He's afraid of germs, and we have to humor him a little."

A Good Suggestion.

"Why, I declare!" exclaims the trusting wife, "I won't have to buy any new dresses or hats at all this spring!" "You won't?" asks the crafty husband. "Surely you will need something."

"Not a thing. I've been looking through this month's fashion magazine that you brought home for me, and I find that there isn't the slightest change in style from last spring."

And the crafty husband, inwardly gloating over the success of his scheme to paste a this year's cover on a last year's magazine, leans back in his chair and smokes and smokes and smokes.

Proof of Wisdom.

"I wonder why Minerva was called the goddess of wisdom?" queried the pretty widow.

"I don't know," growled the savage bachelor, "unless it was because she never married."

And realizing there was no hope for her in that direction, the p. w. got busy with a susceptible widower.

On the Suburban Train.

Newcomer (who has recently moved to the "country")—Who is that fellow in the middle of the car—that windy man who is forever blowing?

Longer (an old settler)—I don't really know, but I heard some one say last evening that he was a draftsman.

Proof to the Contrary. "How queer you New Englanders talk!"

"In what way, may I ask?" "You don't sound your 'r.'"

"Why, what a mistaken ideal!"

ROOSEVELT AT KHARTUM

EX-PRESIDENT IS AGAIN IN TOUCH WITH CIVILIZATION, HOMEWARD BOUND

Greeted in Historic Egyptian City by His Wife, Daughter and Hundreds of Correspondents and Friends—Chronological Review of a Remarkable Expedition

Khartum, Egyptian Sudan.—Ex-President Roosevelt is again back in touch with civilization and is at this place as the guest of the Egyptian and English governments, being entertained at the governor general's palace by Gen. Sir Reginald Wingate. He was met here by Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel and by a host of American and European correspondents and numerous delegations of political and other friends from the United States. In fact this historic town is literally filled with visitors brought here to greet the returning traveler.

With his arrival at this place, Col. Roosevelt completed one of the most notable journeys through the wilderness of Africa that has been undertaken since the days of Livingstone and Stanley. It was a remarkable journey both in number of animals slain and preserved as specimens, and because of its lack of accidents and

of the Blue Nile. The river passes directly through the city, and along its banks, fronted by the barracks of the British soldiers, lies a magnificent driveway three miles in length.

British Policy is Seen. Northwest of Khartum is Omdurman, the city occupied by the Mahdi after the death of Gordon and the scene of the licentious revelries that occupied the native soldiery up to the time that they were confronted and overwhelmed by Kitchener. The British, true to their policy of colonization, have not attempted seriously to interfere with Moslem customs here. The ruins of the Khalifa's body guard headquarters, the military prison, the remnants at the Arab fortifications have all been allowed to stand.

Still further north is the field of Kerri, the shambles in which Kitchener with mathematical exactitude slashed to pieces the Arab forces, the

on return trip. Secured two hippos and some smaller game.

July 22—Arrived at Nalvasha from the lake.

July 24—Returned to Nairobi by rail, 65 miles.

Aug. 4—Left Nairobi for Nalvasha.

Aug. 9—Left Nalvasha on march to Nyeri and the Kenya province, 80 miles. Secured five lions, three buffalo, a hippo, a giraffe and his first elephant.

Oct. 20—Returned to Nalvasha.

At Guaso Ngusho Plateau.

Oct. 25—Left by rail for Londiani for a three weeks' shoot on the Guaso Ngusho plateau, about 90 miles. Secured five giraffe, three lions and several antelope and smaller game.

Dec. 7—Returned to Nairobi by rail.

Dec. 15—Left Nairobi by rail for Port Kisumu, on Lake Victoria Nyanza, about 150 miles.

Dec. 20—Arrive at Entebbe, Uganda, from Kisumu, via lake steamer, about 125 miles. On this trip the American flag was flown for the first time on Africa's inland sea.

Dec. 21—Left on 33-mile auto trip to Kampala.

Dec. 23—Left Kampala for Kisingo, 79 miles. Secured two elephants.

Jan. 3—Arrived at Holma, Uganda, after a 57-mile trip from Kisingo.

Jan. 4—Left for Butiaba, 27 miles.

Jan. 7—Left on steam launch for Wadiali and Rhino camp, Belgian Congo, about 72 miles. Secured several white rhinos and a buffalo.

Feb. 3—Left Wadiali for Nimule, about 54 miles.

Feb. 4—Arrived at Nimule, Uganda.

Feb. 7—Left Nimule for Gondokoro, a 108-mile march through almost unbroken jungle.

Feb. 17—Arrived at Gondokoro, Upper Sudan.

Greeted by Mrs. Roosevelt.

Feb. 26—Expedition broke up and



GATHERING OF THE TRIBES AT KHARTOUM



MRS. ROOSEVELT AND MISS ETHEL



COL. ROOSEVELT AND HIS AFRICAN GUIDE

sickness of every kind. Ordinarily a traveler, through the regions through which Col. Roosevelt has passed, comes out of the jungles loaded with malaria and fever germs. Up to the present time, neither Col. Roosevelt nor any of his party have shown any symptoms of having contracted any of the numerous contagious diseases.

Gen. Sir Reginald Wingate provided countless ways for the entertainment of his distinguished guest. Representatives of the many tribes of the desert have been gathered here on one great entertainment, and for Col. Roosevelt's entertainment, have indulged in every possible form of native amusement, giving dances, races, etc.

The town of Khartoum is a mass of color. Flags of Egypt, England and America are everywhere, and the ex-president has probably appreciated nothing more than the opportunity of visiting this historic spot.

Khartoum is virtually built around the grave of "Chinese" Gordon. The city itself is a gigantic monument to that soldier's deeds and his heroic death. In the center of it stands his effigy in bronze, mounted on a camel, gazing with fixed eyes out toward the desert which mocked him during the terrible year that he lay there waiting for relief. Behind the statue stands the British governor's palace, an imposing structure in the Gothic style, typical of British power and British permanence.

Name Gordon Everywhere.

Not far away is the Gordon Memorial college, a school built with funds raised by Gen. Kitchener by subscription throughout Great Britain, in which the Sudanese newer generation is trained for service in the government which conquered its fathers. Everywhere throughout the city the name Gordon appears. There is the Gordon hotel, the Gordon drive and the White Nile the Gordon tree. Gordon's memory will live so long as Khartoum exists. The British have transformed the city of his death into a memorial to his glory that can laugh at time.

Khartoum stands at the confluence of the White and Blue Niles, and some day with the development of the wilderness south of it will become a metropolis as important to the commerce of Africa as Chicago is to the commerce of North America. Properly speaking, however, the city itself does not extend beyond the banks

of the Blue Nile. The river passes directly through the city, and along its banks, fronted by the barracks of the British soldiers, lies a magnificent driveway three miles in length.

Northwest of Khartoum is Omdurman, the city occupied by the Mahdi after the death of Gordon and the scene of the licentious revelries that occupied the native soldiery up to the time that they were confronted and overwhelmed by Kitchener. The British, true to their policy of colonization, have not attempted seriously to interfere with Moslem customs here. The ruins of the Khalifa's body guard headquarters, the military prison, the remnants at the Arab fortifications have all been allowed to stand.

Still further north is the field of Kerri, the shambles in which Kitchener with mathematical exactitude slashed to pieces the Arab forces, the

porters returned to Uganda.

Feb. 28—Roosevelt left Gondokoro via steambot for Khartoum, more than 800 miles to the north.

March 11—Arrived at Renk, about two days' journey by boat, south of Khartoum.

March 14—Reached Khartoum, the end of his journey on the Nile, and was greeted by Mrs. Roosevelt and daughter, Miss Ethel.

Homeward Bound.

The arranged program for the remainder of Col. Roosevelt's homeward journey is as follows: Will arrive at Alexandria, Egypt, on March 29.

Will arrive at Gibraltar on April 2, and at Naples on April 10.

On April 14 he will reach Paris, where a great national reception has been planned, which will continue through his three days' stay in the French capital.

On April 17 he will go to Vienna, where he will be the guest of the International Sporting exhibition, and at which place he will meet sportsmen from all over the world.

On May 10 he is scheduled to be in Berlin as the guest of the emperor and the faculty of the University of Berlin.

May 12 he is to arrive at Christiana as the guest of King Gustav of Sweden and of the nation.

On May 15 he will arrive in London as the guest of the English people and King Edward, and has already been voted the freedom of the city.

June 15 he arrives at New York, where he will be greeted by delegations from all over the nation and received by President Taft.

Where He Drew the Line. Great Author Did you tell that magazine editor that I was too busy to see him?

Boy—Yes, sir; but he says he can't understand it; that you have been writing for his magazine for years.

"Well, I may write for a magazine, but that's no reason why I have to associate with the editors of it."—Life.

Ravishing Plumage. "I always used to wonder," said Willoughby, "what the ornithological reason was for there being no birds in last year's nest, but now it is clear as pikestaff."

"How do you account for it?" queried Jigger.

"Why, look at the women's hats," said Willoughby.—Harper's Weekly.

DESERTIONS HIT STRIKE

THE STRIKING PHILADELPHIA STREET CAR MEN GRADUALLY DRIFTING BACK TO WORK.

EVENTS OF THE PAST FEW DAYS SHOW THAT THE "HYSTERIA" HAS WORN OFF.

It Will Soon Be Over Unless Unions Get Stronger Support Than Is Now Evident; Men Returning Daily.

There are certain indications at Philadelphia that the general strike will disappear unless the labor unions are able within a few days to drag to their support influences that have remained aloof.

Men who left their jobs in the first hysteria are gradually going back. The number of men on strike is less by thousands than it was a few days ago.

Summing up the situation as it appears, the unions have been thrown back upon their own resources, and these resources have been weakening. The city officials, who have been canvassing among employers, announced Saturday that the employes of 65 mills out of 69 would return to work Monday and Tuesday.

In many of these mills, it is said, men have already returned.

The transit company reports that carmen have applied for reinstatement, and that more than 300 have been put at work. Nearly 200 union foundrymen in the northeastern part of the city, employes of four foundries, have voted to go to work Monday.

Several unions of carpenters have signified their intention of breaking strike. The taxicab drivers are all back on the job. Despite the daily statistics uttered by the committee, there is no doubt that the general strike is steadily disintegrating.

Washington Will Not Interfere.

Advices from Washington hold to the opinion that there is nothing to be done by the government at this time to settle the Philadelphia traction strike. The trouble as federal officials review it is local in character.

PATTEN'S "RECEPTION."

The Chicago Speculator is Chased in Manchester, Eng. James A. Patten, the Chicago speculator, who went to England, as he said, "to look around," had occasion to look sharply from the moment that he appeared on the floor of the cotton exchange at Manchester.

His appearance was the signal for a hostile demonstration which resulted in his forcible ejection from the exchange and a fight through the streets from a mob that was prevented only by the police from doing him serious harm.

Patten was hidden for a while in a business office and later smuggled into a cab and driven to a more secluded refuge.

Patten's coming to Manchester had been widely heralded since his arrival in Liverpool and the reception was ready for him.

Seven Men Killed in Mine.

Seven miners lost their lives in the No. 5 shaft of the Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Coal Co. near Wilkes-Barre, Pa. in an explosion of gas. There were eight men in the party. One had left the gang to bring some tools and was not injured. All the dead were suffocated.

When the bodies were brought up there were many pathetic scenes around the mouth of the shaft where the relatives and friends of the victims had gathered. General Manager Huber said that the explosion did not cause much damage. Several of the rescuers had narrow escapes from the fire trap.

\$15,000 Fine, Six Years; in Oleo Fraud.

Summary action was taken by Judge K. M. Landis in the United States district court in Chicago in sentencing violators of the federal laws regulating the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine.

The court fixed the punishment of Samuel Driesbach, who pleaded guilty, to a fine of \$15,000 and six years' imprisonment.

To Daniel Bortz, who also pleaded guilty, the court meted out an eight-month term in the house of correction in this city.

William Broadwell, who was sentenced some days ago, must meet like punishment with Driesbach.

Charles P. Taft, brother of the president, will pay \$24,000 a year to the American Telegraph & Telephone Co. for a 725-mile telephone wire connecting his Cincinnati residence with the White House.

Two U. S. marines in uniform were denied admission to a Washington theater and when the navy department protested the proprietor said he had excluded the men under a rule of the theater prohibiting admission of persons conspicuously dressed. He said: "Every President Taft would be excluded if he applied for admission dressed in a sweater and riding clothes."

After five hours and a half of hauling and tugging, the pilot boat Florida towed into Sabine, Tex., a 90-foot whale, very much alive and fighting vigorously. The monster stranded in about two fathoms of water three miles off Sabine bar. It was mistaken for a wrecked barge and the pilot boat was dispatched to the aid of the supposed craft.

The Argentine Republic is shortly to take a hand in relieving the high cost of living in the United States by sending to New York markets large quantities of beef at prices which will provide an active competition for the western packers.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Herman H. Moritz, a retired real estate man, of New York, shot and killed his two sons, set fire to his home and then committed suicide. He had been in a melancholy state of mind for some time.

Extra efforts are being made by Assistant Secretary Winthrop, of the navy department, in charge of the naval militia, to insure a full representation of that organization in the exercises this summer.

Petitions containing the names of 40,805 voters were filed with the secretary of state at Jefferson City, Mo., asking for the submission of the November election of a prohibition constitutional amendment.

President Taft has accepted an invitation extended by the Rev. John Wesley Hill, of New York, to go to Ohio Northern university at Ada, O., on June 3, to review the military parade and address the graduates.

Two thousand persons saw Louis H. Paulhan, the aeronaut, fly five miles against a 20-mile-an-hour wind at New York. On the return trip he made 70 miles an hour. His manager considers it one of the most daring flights Paulhan has made.

The movement at Madison, Wis., to have all the state university faculty and students declare under pledge that they will stop treating to intoxicating liquors went into effect with practically every student enrolled. The signatures number nearly 4,000.

A monument to the memory of Police Lieutenant Joseph Petrosino, who was shot to death in Palermo, Italy, a year ago, while on a secret mission to that country to trace members of the Black Hand, was unveiled at Calvary cemetery, Laurel Hill, Long Island.

Pittsburghers are planning to welcome Theodore Roosevelt on the high seas. The American club and the Young Men's Republican club of which Mayor Wm. A. Magee is president, are arranging the trip. It is planned to sail out about 24 hours and meet the Roosevelt ship, escorting it to port.

Eight persons are injured every day and one person is killed every three days by street cars in Chicago, according to an official report made to the corporation counsel. The report shows that in February, nine persons were killed and 248 were injured. Of those injured, 42 suffered broken legs or arms.

The New York World says that it is the belief in administration circles at Washington that the introduction of a bill providing for a foundation to give away his wealth on the eve of the big supreme court fight against the dissolution of the oil trust is a move by John D. Rockefeller to create opinion favorable to himself with the object of reacting on the court.

While fire raged in a nearby building 600 convicts at the Western penitentiary, Pittsburg, Pa., calmly continued to sing hymns and pray in the prison church. They showed a desire to escape at first, but the composure of the pastor, Mr. Miller, caused them to remain in their places and continue the service while the fire brigade, aided by "trusties," fought the flames.

John Mitchell, former president of the United Mine Workers of America, is one of the leaders in a crusade for the stricter observance of the Sabbath which has just been started in New York. Mr. Mitchell and his fellow crusaders aim to obtain for every workman, no matter what his trade or business, one day of rest in seven. It is estimated that more than 300,000 workmen in New York alone are compelled to labor on the Sabbath.

THE MARKETS

Detroit—Cattle—We quote choice dry feed steers, \$5.25@7; good to choice butcher steers, 1.00@1.25; mixed butchers, 70¢ to 90¢; sheep, active; common butchers' fat cows, \$4.25@5; mixed fat cows, \$4.25@5; common feeders, \$3.75@4; good well-bred feeders, \$4.25@4.50; light stockers, \$3.75@4.

Yeast calves—Best calves, \$9.99@10.50; fair to good calves, \$8.50@9; culls and commons, \$4.75@5; mixed culls and commons, \$3.50@4.50.

Sheep and lambs—Best lambs, \$2.25@3.50; fair to good lambs, \$1.50@2; light to medium lambs, \$1.25@1.50; fair to good butchers' sheep, \$6.50@7.50; culls and commons, \$3@4.50.

Hogs—Light to good butchers, \$10.50@11.50; pigs, \$10.75@11.25; light yorkers, \$10.40@10.45; stage, one-third off.

East Buffalo—Cattle, steady. Hogs, heavy, \$10.50@11; yorkers, \$10.90@11.05; pigs, \$10.75; sheep, active; common lambs, \$9.75@9.80; yearlings, \$9.95@10.15; ewes, \$8.25@8.50; calves, \$5@11.25.

Grain, Etc. Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.19 1/2; May, \$1.20 1/2; No. 1, \$1.21 1/2; No. 3, \$1.18 1/2; No. 4, \$1.17 1/2; No. 5, \$1.16 1/2; No. 6, \$1.15 1/2; No. 7, \$1.14 1/2; No. 8, \$1.13 1/2; No. 9, \$1.12 1/2; No. 10, \$1.11 1/2; No. 11, \$1.10 1/2; No. 12, \$1.09 1/2; No. 13, \$1.08 1/2; No. 14, \$1.07 1/2; No. 15, \$1.06 1/2; No. 16, \$1.05 1/2; No. 17, \$1.04 1/2; No. 18, \$1.03 1/2; No. 19, \$1.02 1/2; No. 20, \$1.01 1/2; No. 21, \$1.00 1/2; No. 22, \$0.99 1/2; No. 23, \$0.98 1/2; No. 24, \$0.97 1/2; No. 25, \$0.96 1/2; No. 26, \$0.95 1/2; No. 27, \$0.94 1/2; No. 28, \$0.93 1/2; No. 29, \$0.92 1/2; No. 30, \$0.91 1/2; No. 31, \$0.90 1/2; No. 32, \$0.89 1/2; No. 33, \$0.88 1/2; No. 34, \$0.87 1/2; No. 35, \$0.86 1/2; No. 36, \$0.85 1/2; No. 37, \$0.84 1/2; No. 38, \$0.83 1/2; No. 39, \$0.82 1/2; No. 40, \$0.81 1/2; No. 41, \$0.80 1/2; No. 42, \$0.79 1/2; No. 43, \$0.78 1/2; No. 44, \$0.77 1/2; No. 45, \$0.76 1/2; No. 46, \$0.75 1/2; No. 47, \$0.74 1/2; No. 48, \$0.73 1/2; No. 49, \$0.72 1/2; No. 50, \$0.71 1/2; No. 51, \$0.70 1/2; No. 52, \$0.69 1/2; No. 53, \$0.68 1/2; No. 54, \$0.67 1/2; No. 55, \$0.66 1/2; No. 56, \$0.65 1/2; No. 57, \$0.64 1/2; No. 58, \$0.63 1/2; No. 59, \$0.62 1/2; No. 60, \$0.61 1/2; No. 61, \$0.60 1/2; No. 62, \$0.59 1/2; No. 63, \$0.58 1/2; No. 64, \$0.57 1/2; No. 65, \$0.56 1/2; No. 66, \$0.55 1/2; No. 67, \$0.54 1/2; No. 68, \$0.53 1/2; No. 69, \$0.52 1/2; No. 70, \$0.51 1/2; No. 71, \$0.50 1/2; No. 72, \$0.49 1/2; No. 73, \$0.48 1/2; No. 74, \$0.47 1/2; No. 75, \$0.46 1/2; No. 76, \$0.45 1/2; No. 77, \$0.44 1/2; No. 78, \$0.43 1/2; No. 79, \$0.42 1/2; No. 80, \$0.41 1/2; No. 81, \$0.40 1/2; No. 82, \$0.39 1/2; No. 83, \$0.38 1/2; No. 84, \$0.37 1/2; No. 85, \$0.36 1/2; No. 86, \$0.35 1/2; No. 87, \$0.34 1/2; No. 88, \$0.33 1/2; No. 89, \$0.32 1/2; No. 90, \$0.31 1/2; No. 91, \$0.30 1/2; No. 92, \$0.29 1/2; No. 93, \$0.28 1/2; No. 94, \$0.27 1/2; No. 95, \$0.26 1/2; No. 96, \$0.25 1/2; No. 97, \$0.24 1/2; No. 98, \$0.23 1/2; No. 99, \$0.22 1/2; No. 100, \$0.21 1/2; No. 101, \$0.20 1/2; No. 102, \$0.19 1/2; No. 103, \$0.18 1/2; No. 104, \$0.17 1/2; No. 105, \$0.16 1/2; No. 106, \$0.15 1/2; No. 107, \$0.14 1/2; No. 108, \$0.13 1/2; No. 109, \$0.12 1/2; No. 110, \$0.11 1/2; No. 111, \$0.10 1/2; No. 112, \$0.09 1/2; No. 113, \$0.08 1/2; No. 114, \$0.07 1/2; No. 115, \$0.06 1/2; No. 116, \$0.05 1/2; No. 117, \$0.04 1/2; No. 118, \$0.03 1/2; No. 119, \$0.02 1/2; No. 120, \$0.01 1/2.

Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.19 1/2; May, \$1.20 1/2; No. 1, \$1.21 1/2; No. 3, \$1.18 1/2; No. 4, \$1.17 1/2; No. 5, \$1.16 1/2; No. 6, \$1.15 1/2; No. 7, \$1.14 1/2; No. 8, \$1.13 1/2; No. 9, \$1.12 1/2; No. 10, \$1.11 1/2; No. 11, \$1.10 1/2; No. 12, \$1.09 1/

THE STORY of the ROAD

WRITTEN BY **HOWARD H. GROSS**
of the Farmers' Good Roads League



This illustrates a piece of mountain road in Norway in the late spring or early summer. Note the heavy square stones set by the road side to prevent the traveler from driving off in the dark, or if for any reason he was careless.

Anyone knowing the first principles of road building should know the surface of the ground should not be disturbed after the first of July and that road grading done in March, April or May gives the best results, as the summer rains and traffic work the earth down smooth and hard so that it will be in the best condition to stand the trying weather of the winter and spring following.

The first great step in reform is a wise and sane expenditure of the money now raised, which in Illinois is about \$5,000,000 per year. The writer has spoken upon the question of highway improvement in more than one-half the counties of Illinois and has discussed the "labor system" methods employed with hundreds of the most intelligent farmers of this country, and they generally agree that most of the money raised is wasted. There are some fundamental errors responsible for this and some misconcep-

very greatly. Some farmers and a few so-called experts, however, entirely overestimate the value of the drag.

There is only one type of road that is worthy the name of good, and that is one that is hard, smooth and usable 365 days in the year, and one that is not affected by weather conditions. The main roads (these comprise not more than 25 per cent. of the total mileage) should be graded or macadamized after first being thoroughly graded and drained. The experience of the world for twenty centuries is back of this system. Among the illustrations on this page are some stone roads that for 2,000 years have been used daily with but a moderate cost for maintenance.

Another fallacy that must be put on the shelf is the belief that a hard road cannot be built in the corn belt; that it would not "stand up," etc., upon the heavy black soil. Every engineer knows and experience shows



Road building in Porto Rico, since it came under United States government control. President Taft told the writer he built good roads in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines and the United States government advanced the money to do it. It was suggested that if the government could do so much for an alien people why not help fix up the rural route roads for our own folk? The reply was: "Your point is well taken."



One of the highest roads in the world. A pack train leaving Ambato for Quito, Ecuador. Ambato is where an astronomical observatory of Harvard university is located. Its altitude and clear atmosphere make it one of the most desirable locations in the world.

MAN is born with a restless spirit and early exhibits a tendency to roam. Children three years old or less will wander away, led by curiosity, to explore the unknown. The savage picks his way long distances as best he can, through forest or prairie, as the case may be; he builds no roads, but goes forward in the line of least resistance. The buffaloes of the prairie follow beaten paths—it is said the streets of Boston were made to follow cow paths of colonial days.

When civilization came to mankind we find among its early activities evidence of progress in road building. As light dawned upon him he found an economic advantage in making the paths smooth. It also entered his consciousness that to remove obstacles to travel was a common duty of everyone and not the special duty of anyone or a few. No truer saying can be found than that the condition of the public roads in any community is an indication of the standard of civilization, not an infallible one, of course, but very trustworthy nevertheless.

It will be interesting to note what the world has done and is doing in making the roadway better, so they will more fully meet the economic and social needs of the people and the state. Measured by the age of the Mediterranean and oriental countries, our own land is but an infant, but it has grown and waxed strong beyond any of its ancestors. It not only has learned much from the older countries, but has been able to teach them many things as well. In some things, however, we must confess that we stand at the foot of the class. One of our two most conspicuous failures in the administration of public affairs is the inefficient, wasteful and corrupt methods of administering our great municipalities and the other failure, even more complete, relates to the not only inadequate but idiotic methods that have pertained to the question of public highways.

Space does not permit nor is it part of the "Story of the Road" to set forth the signal failure in the mismanagement of our cities, but rather to point out some of our shortcomings as to the public highways as compared with the rest of the world. A well-known advertiser, in speaking of the excellence of his product and its popularity, says: "There's a reason," and so there is a reason why we have so completely failed in doing our duty to the road. There has been money enough expended upon them in the last three generations to have made boulevards of all the main highways, yet they are not much better, as a rule, than they were a half-century ago, and this is particularly true in the middle west.

Take for the purpose of illustration and as a type the great state of Illinois, the third in the Union in wealth and population. In the last 30 years there has been expended on the highways of Illinois, in grading, bridging, making and spooling the roads, approximately \$100,000,000, and what is there to show for it? The larger part of this colossal sum has been frittered away by honest but misguided effort—by doing the wrong thing; the annual road picnics, where a dozen or more farmers with their boys would meet in the fall (to do work that ought to have been done in the spring) to work out their road tax, have a good time, tell stories, play practical jokes, do



Here is a road over the mountain pass between China and Manchuria, with Chinese farmers on their way to market. Rather primitive transportation, you say. Compare this with an Illinois and Missouri earth road in March with a fine team and modern wagon in mud knee deep. We can imagine these Chinese farmers commiserating this pitiable condition if they could see it. This is one of the best types of high-class road building to be found anywhere.

"stunts" of physical prowess, such as jumping, wrestling, etc., with a small amount of work in plowing up a stretch of road, scraping loose earth together with weeds and grass in a winnow, and leaving it there and calling this road building. By the operation, perchance, a hundred dollar road tax had been worked out and probably two hundred dollars of damage done to the road in doing so. This done to the road in doing so. This done to the road in doing so. This done to the road in doing so.



The most famous and one of the world's oldest roads, made and used before the Saviour was born and ever since. It was known as the "Appian Way." On either side we see tombs built up of masonry. Over this highway the Roman legions of Caesar passed in conquering the world.

tions that must be gotten rid of before any real progress can be made. Among these is the abolishment of the labor system, collecting the road tax in cash and the employment of someone of good judgment and skill to do road work, following the advice that they can secure from the state engineer, and from him learn what to do, when to do and how to do it.

A thorough drainage of the main roads either by open ditches with unobstructed outlet, or, better, by tile drains on either side, is an absolute necessity in order to have the best results (unless perchance there may be inadequate natural drainage, as in the case of rolling, sandy soil) and frequent and timely use of the split log drag, used during or immediately after the rains, or when two or three inches of the rough, frozen road has thawed out, it would help matters

that this soil, if drained and graded, makes an exceptionally good foundation to build upon.

Another mistake and a rank injustice has been to place practically all the burden of road taxes upon farm property. This plan has obtained from the first and is still in vogue in about one-half the states. The other half have learned that roads are public property—they belong to everyone and it is unfair and indefensible to place the whole burden of public work of this nature upon the farms. It is sometimes said the farmers use the roads more than others and that is given as a reason why they should do all the paying. Well, the lawyers use the court house more than others; shall we tax them for the county building?

A Jersey man in the last decade of the century just closed made a discov-

ery far more important than the finding of the north pole. It was that the roads belong to the public and that everyone ought to be taxed to help build the roads. In this thought state aid was born, and it has spread from state to state until now 22 of the 44 states are building by this plan. It has been tried out and found successful. It is no experiment—it is an equitable, workable plan that gets results and spreads the cost in such a way that it is no burden and gives everyone a square deal.

The building of a good stone and gravel road adds to the value of farm property, so for that reason it has been found just and practicable to

from the state. Of the latter \$1,000, \$700 would be contributed by cities, towns, railroads, corporations and other forms of property. The writer has at many times asked farmers whether it would be worth to them two cents a bushel on their crops to have a first-class road over which to market it. Very seldom has he found an intelligent farmer who did not agree that a road would be of this much value to him and that by having good roads and watching the market he could easily get that much more for his crops and he could certainly take them to market at less expense than under ordinary conditions.

A calculation has been made very carefully by the writer and has been checked over by the best authorities of the state. It shows, and the writer is prepared to defend it, that under the state aid plan the main highways in Illinois can be improved as first-class gravel and macadam roadways within 10 or 12 years at a cost of about 10 cents per acre per year on the farm lands of the state, or a tax equal in the aggregate to \$1 to \$1.20 an acre.

The writer believes that the principal objection to hard roads throughout the state is by retired farmers, who object to building roads for the tenant. If they would but realize that two per cent. on their rent, which is anywhere from \$4 to \$7 per acre, will pay the tax, and that it will make their farm more desirable and they can get their selection of tenants and sometimes 50 cents an acre more cash rent, they would arrive at the conclusion, if they are not prejudiced, that the money invested in roads is the best investment they can make.

The trouble has been that the farmers are paying enormous amounts of money for highways improvement and they have not seen the improvements. The money has been squandered.

Next to production of the world's greatest industry is distribution. In this world-wide system the farm wagon and the country road occupy the first place and ought to have the first consideration. If the state or the nation has the money to spend on internal improvements, let them assist the townships to build good roads; the highways over which the children must go to school, the doctor to reach the suffering, and over which must pass every bushel of grain and every bale of cotton raised. The road reaches every field, every farm home and every market town. The people everywhere demand good roads. Good roads mean better schools, more social life, a higher standard of living—they mean progress and civilization.

Waterproof Asbestos. According to a German publication, a firm in Munich has succeeded in artificially rendering asbestos waterproof.

make some such division as this as to the cost of the public roads in any township, leaving it to the people of the township to say what roads shall be improved and when and how much money shall be expended, viz: that the state, from a general tax levied upon all property in the state, shall pay one-half and the property owners of the township shall pay the other half.

Suppose \$2,000 were spent upon the roads of any township. Under this plan one-half would be paid by the property owners of the township and a like amount, \$1,000, would be drawn



One of the beautiful mountain roads of Switzerland. Note its excellent condition, due to good construction and excellent maintenance.

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April 15

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Dustless, perfect track—electric block signal protection—dining car meals and service "Best in the World"

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E. L. LOMAX, G. P. A. Omaha



WESTERN CANADA

What Prof. Shaw, the Well-Known Agriculturist, Says About It

"I would sooner raise cattle in Western Canada than in the corn belt of the United States. The climate is drier and the soil is richer. Your market will improve faster than your farm. You will produce more with less expense. What can be produced in the United States can be produced in Western Canada. 100 miles north of the International boundary. Your vacant land will be taken at a rate beyond present conception. We have enough people in the United States who want to take up this land. Ready homes to take up this land. Ready homes to take up this land. Ready homes to take up this land."

70,000 Americans will enter and make their homes in Western Canada this year. 1,000 produced another large crop of wheat, oats and barley, in addition to which the cattle, sheep, horses, pigs, chickens, turkeys, geese, ducks, geese, etc., are doing well. Cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and stock raising. Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Two hundred and fifty thousand acres, as well as lands held by railway and other companies, will provide homes for millions. Adapted to the climate, splendid schools and churches, and good railroads. For settlers' free descriptive literature "Lost Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent, M. V. McInnes, 170 Jefferson Ave., Detroit; or C. A. Lester, 501 St. Mark, Mich. (Use address nearest you)

You Can't Cut Out A BOB SPAVIN, PUFF or THROBBER WITH ABSORBINE

will clean them off permanently, and you work the horse same time. Does not blister or remove the hair. 25¢ per bottle. Hook & E. Free. A HIGGINS & E. J. E., for mailing, 211 West 4th St., Chicago, Ill. Below After 25¢ bottle. Reduces Varicose Veins, Hemorrhoids, Hydrocele, Ruptured Muscles, Sprained Ankles, Ailments of the Neck or Lignaments. Relieves Glands. Ailments quickly. Your druggist can supply and give references. Will tell you more if you write. Mfg. only by W. E. YOUNG, P. O. B. 210 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

KNOWN SINCE 1836 AS RELIABLE TRADE MARK PLANTEN'S C & C BLACK CAPSULES SUPERIOR REMEDY—URINARY DISCHARGES DRUGGISTS OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT TO 50¢ PLANTEN & SON, 33 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes its growth. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp diseases, itching, itching, itching. 25¢ and 50¢ Druggists.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the building first door south of the Chelsea House, Main street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1908, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PERSONAL MENTION.

R. D. Walker was in Scio Sunday. Mrs. G. H. Foster is in Jackson this week. W. S. McLaren was in Detroit Wednesday. Miss Mary Haab spent Monday in Detroit. William Cassidy spent Sunday in Ann Arbor. Louis Sticles was in Jackson one day last week. Miss Helen Kern was an Ann Arbor visitor Sunday. H. L. Stanton was in Detroit on business Monday. Peter Easterie was in Detroit on business Monday. Wm. Runciman, of Stockbridge, is visiting friends here. Mr. and Mrs. George Nordman were in Manchester Sunday. Carl Vogel, of Detroit, spent Sunday with relatives here. Frank Adair was the guest of his parents in Utica Sunday. Miss Margaret Eder was in Ypsilanti Monday and Tuesday. Miss Anna Mast, of Jackson, visited her mother here Sunday. Miss Elsa Maroney attended a party at Ypsilanti Friday evening. Henry Heselshwerdt was in Jackson on business Wednesday. Geo. A. Taylor, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his mother here. Miss Mabel Raftery spent Sunday with her father in Ann Arbor. Misses Martha and Rose Seitz were Detroit visitors the past week. Mrs. E. Musson, of Howell, spent several days of last week here. Mrs. C. Hummel and daughter Hazel were Jackson visitors Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. M. Staffan spent Sunday with their son in Ann Arbor. Mr. and Mrs. Otto Weber, of Jackson, visited relatives here Sunday. Rev. Oscar Laubengraver, of Francisco, was a Chelsea visitor Monday. Miss Zita Foster, of Grass Lake, was the guest of Chelsea friends Sunday. Miss Bernice Hoag, of Ann Arbor, visited relatives here the first of the week. Miss Kathryn Hooker spent the first of the week in Chicago on business. Miss Bessie Armstrong, of Ann Arbor, spent Saturday with Chelsea friends. Ralph Holmes and family, of Battle Creek, were guests of relatives here Sunday. Meslames John Kantlehner and J. Schieferstein were in Ann Arbor Tuesday. Rev. J. Wulfmann, of Manchester, was the guest of Rev. A. A. Schoen Monday. Miss Benton, of Dexter, visited at the home of W. Benton the first of the week. Miss Bessie Allen, of Ypsilanti, was the guest of Chelsea friends the first of the week. Miss Percilla Boog, of Dexter, was the guest of Miss Frances Hindelang last Thursday. Mrs. John Larmee, of Jackson, was the guest of her parents. Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Speer, Friday. Jacob Hummel and daughter Miss Genevieve will attend a banquet at Manchester this evening. Miss Anna Jensen returned to Detroit Sunday after spending several weeks with her parents here. Carlton Runciman, of Ypsilanti, and H. D. Runciman, of Jackson, spent Sunday with their mother here. Mrs. J. B. Wallace, of Marshalltown, Iowa, is spending some time with her parents. Mr. and Mrs. D. Alber, here. Mr. and Mrs. A. Thompson and children, Miss Amelia Schrader and Miss Selma Binder, of Detroit, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Kantlehner Sunday.

Holy Week Services.

Special Holy Week services Sunday at 7 p. m. at the Congregational church. A musical and scriptural narrative of the last week of the life of Christ will be presented. Musical number as follows: Solo, "The Palms," Elmer Winans; anthem, "The Story of the Cross," Junior Choir; duet, "When I Survey the Wondrous Cross," Howard Boyd and Elmer Winans.

Notice of Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of Maple Grove cemetery will be held on the 21 day of March, 1910, at the Sylvan Center M. E. church at 2 p. m.

SAMUEL F. GUTHRIE, Secretary.

Fritz Kreisler, violinist, who was to have appeared on the Choral Union concert series at Ann Arbor some weeks ago, will appear on the evening of Tuesday, March 22, in University hall. Mr. Kreisler is one of the foremost violinists of the world and a most pleasant evening's entertainment is in store for patrons of this series.

"The Chorus Lady."

It has long been known as a fact that James Forbes' "The Chorus Lady" was suggested to him by the love affair of two women, a chorus girl and a leader of New York's most exclusive social circle, for a tenor in Corried's grand opera company, but until today, the public has not been given even a hint as to who the originals were. It now comes to light that the chorus girl was Georgia Rose and the society woman Miss Virginia Higgins, of New York, now the wife of a wealthy clubman of Boston, Mass., a man very popular among New York's four hundred. One evening about four years ago, James Forbes dropped into the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, and not being greatly enthused over the performance, his thoughts wandered over other things and in a little while he awakened to the fact that he had the plot of a short story before him. On the stage was a tenor smitten with love for a member of the chorus. In one of the boxes in the golden horseshoe was a woman, ablaze with jewels, in love with the tenor. But the tenor did not favor the woman of fashion. She, therefore, resorted to any means, anything but dignified, to win the singer's good graces. The story of the infatuation was known to Forbes, because he knew the chorus girl and she had confided the secret to him and Forbes knew under the woman's smiling, laughing exterior lay a heart heavy and sad, but the tenor was himself in love with the chorus girl, and his heart, too, was heavy as that of the young woman of wealth and position. He had been making strenuous love to the humble girl of the chorus and she had lately declined to speak to him. Forbes had heard the girl's verdict "I would not let that fat foreigner look at me, let alone speak to me"—and she was as good as her word. Forbes could see the tenor covertly attempting to catch the eye of the chorus girl, he could mark the girl's silent contempt, and suddenly the idea of a good story of the strange entanglement between a chorus girl, a popular tenor, and a woman of fashion was written and soon after published by Ainslee's Magazine, and, while Forbes has always denied the authenticity of it and has continually refused to divulge the names of either party, it is now claimed as a fact that Miss Rose and the former Miss Higgins are two of the principals in the drama, while the name of the tenor is still a guess. Rose Stahl, who will be seen at the new Whitney Theatre, Ann Arbor, Saturday matinee and night March 19, while not denying that there was a real Patricia O'Brien, disclaims all knowledge as to the names of either of the parties concerned in the little drama which was first played at the Metropolitan opera house.

Auction Sales.

Oliver Cushman having sold his farm will sell all his personal property at public auction on the premises, known as the old Millsbaugh farm, three miles west and one-half mile south of Chelsea, on Tuesday, March 22d, commencing at 1 p. m., sharp, as follows: Six head of cattle, 60 chickens, line of farm tools, quantity of seed corn, 100 bushels of corn. E. W. Daniels, auctioneer.

John Schwikert having decided to quit farming, will sell at public auction his personal property on the P. Lavey farm, near Silver Lake, three and one-half miles south and west of Pinckney and one and one-half miles north of Dexter town hall, on Wednesday, March 23, commencing at 1 o'clock p. m., as follows: Three head of horses, eight head of cattle, three brood sows, two shoats, hens, turkeys, and a good line of farm tools. E. W. Daniels, auctioneer.

Democratic Caucus.

The Democrats of Lima township will meet at the town hall on Saturday, March 26, 1910, at 1 o'clock p. m. to nominate candidates for the township ticket and to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated, March 15, 1910.

BY ORDER TOWNSHIP COM.

It Saved His Leg.

"All thought I'd lose my leg," writes J. A. Swensen, of Watertown, Wis., "Ten years of eczema, that 15 doctors could not cure had at last laid me up. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured it, sound and well." Infallible for skin eruptions, eczema, scalds, rashes, boils, fever sores, burns, scalds, cuts and piles. 25c at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co. and L. P. Vogel.

ANSWER IT HONESTLY.

Are the Statements of Chelsea Citizens Not More Reliable Than Those of Utter Strangers?

This is a vital question. It is fraught with interest to Chelsea. It permits of only one answer. It cannot be evaded or ignored. A Chelsea citizen speaks here. Speaks for the welfare of Chelsea. A citizen's statement is reliable. An utter stranger's doubtful. Home proof is the best proof. F. A. Hammond, Madison St., Chelsea, Mich., says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills with the best of results. My back was very lame and every cold I caught made the trouble worse. When Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my attention, I commenced their use and they quickly gave relief from the pains, also regulating the passage of the kidney secretions. Doan's Kidney Pills certainly deserve my endorsement in return for their good work."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

CORRESPONDENCE.

SHARON NEWS.

Jacob Alber, of Chelsea, visited at John Alber's Sunday. Miss Lydia Wolfe, of Grass Lake, spent Sunday at home. Mr. and Mrs. D. Heim spent Thursday at Albert Forner's. Florence Cooper spent Sunday at the home of Henry Wolfe. Misses Bertha and Alta Lemm called at Fred Lehman's Saturday. Louis Alber is working for his brother George, who has been ill. Miss Mae Stark, of Ypsilanti, visited at Heselshwerdt Bros. Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Hayes, of Sylvan spent Sunday at E. E. Baker's. Gordon Cliff, of Jackson, was a guest at the home of J. R. Lemm Sunday. H. P. O'Neill and C. C. Dorr made a business trip to Ann Arbor Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Otis Cooper, of Grass Lake, visited relatives here Sunday. Merritt Lemm, of Clinton, visited at the home of J. R. Lemm over Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Heselshwerdt were guests at Herman Krause's Sunday. Miss Amanda Meyers, of Manchester, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Otto Bruun. Chas. O'Neill and family, of Adrian, visited at H. P. O'Neill's on Saturday until Monday. Wm. Wolfe and children, Lydia and Ed. Wolfe, of Grass Lake, spent Sunday with H. Wolfe. Mr. and Mrs. J. Brown, of Jackson, visited at the home of Henry Minus the first of the week. Prof. Delos Fall, of Albion, preached on missions at the north Sharon school house Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gage and son, of Grass Lake, were guests at the home of C. C. Dorr Sunday. Mrs. Myrta Hewitt has returned from her daughter's, Mrs. Chas. Mac Mahon, of Iron Creek, where she has spent some time. Dorothy Curtis is seriously ill at the hospital in Ann Arbor. After a council Drs. Klopfenstein and Schaefer decided it was best to take her there. Miss Clara V. Reno of Sharon and Samuel F. Breitenwischer of Freedom were married at the residence of Rev. Wulfman in Manchester, Tuesday, March 16, 1910. They were attended by Miss Mayme Reno and Ben Breitenwischer. The bride was attired in a traveling suit of wistaria and carried pink and white carnations, while the groom wore the conventional black. They went on a tour to Toledo and other places. They will reside in Bridgewater.

STOCKBRIDGE.

Chris. Taylor went to Chelsea Monday evening. Mr. Isabel the oldest man in town is as spry as many half his age. B. M. Glenn is in Detroit visiting cousins there for a week past. Wm. Nichols is able to be out and vote on the winning side today. Mrs. Townsend, who is living at the home of Arthur Richmond, is under the care of Dr. Brown. Frank Ives sold to Mr. Berry last Monday a beef animal that brought over a hundred dollars. Mrs. B. M. Glenn returned from Detroit Monday evening where she has been visiting relatives. E. L. Glenn went to North Lake Monday to attend Floyd Hinckley's sale Tuesday afternoon. The temperance ticket beat the wets by a majority of from 33 to 23 with very little excitement. Mrs. Baker, of Leslie, died Sunday night. Deceased is the mother of Mrs. Mapes here. Mr. and Mrs. Mapes have gone to Leslie. Each one of the contestants at the hall Friday evening did so well it was hard for the judges to give the award to any particular one. Rev. Johnson preached an excellent sermon on Sunday at 10 o'clock to a smaller audience than usual, on account of many being up all night at the fire.

LYNDON CENTER.

Wm. Ivory is helping Alfred Clark with his farm work. Raymon McKune is helping Thos. Stanfield getting out wood. H. Leeke and J. R. Clark are out shearing again for the spring. Chas. Runciman is moving his goods to his new farm near Stockbridge. Lewis Wright, of Chelsea, will work the Geo. Runciman farm the coming year. Rev. and Mrs. Armstrong, of Unadilla, and Mr. and Mrs. L. K. Hadley were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Boyce, Friday. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Chalmers, of Ann Arbor, were guests at the home of Samuel Boyce the first of the week. Eureka Grange had a good meeting Friday evening and will meet again Saturday afternoon of this week. The township board met with the highway commissioner last Friday to consider the piping of a washout in the road near Orson Beeman's. F. McClear, of Gregory, called on Wm. Howell Saturday last to figure the cost of a new house for the latter. We don't know whether or not he secured the contract. The wheat in this section seems to have survived the winter in pretty good condition, especially that which was sown early and had a good top to go into winter with. Any old plow is good enough "on earth" but the Syracuse plow is the best "in earth." Sold and guaranteed by J. Bacon Merc. Co.

FRANCISCO NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fauser's baby is quite ill. Little Margaret Straub is ill with pneumonia. Rev. Beal visited in Detroit a few days last week. J. Walz and wife spent Sunday with H. Harvey. Lewis Kalmbach, of Detroit, spent Sunday at home. Mrs. H. Notten spent Sunday with her daughter in Chelsea. Mrs. P. Kalmbach is visiting in Williamston a few weeks. Mrs. Falkner, of Lima, was a guest of Manfred Hoppe and wife Wednesday. P. Schweinfurth, of Chelsea, visited with relatives here a few days last week. Bert McKenzie and wife, of Stockbridge, were guests of the latter's parents Sunday. Susie Larkins and Victor Moeckel, of Waterloo, were guests of H. J. Lehman Sunday. August Weber spent Sunday in this vicinity. His father was pastor here several years ago. Mrs. H. Harvey and children were guests at the home of Ashley Holden in Chelsea last Thursday. Mrs. C. Gage, of Sharon, was the guest of her mother, Mrs. H. Main, several days of last week. Ten of the lady friends of Mrs. P. Schweinfurth of Chelsea, gave her a surprise Tuesday and spent the day with her. The next meeting of the Cavanaugh Lake Grange will be with Floyd Schweinfurth and wife Tuesday evening, March 29. H. Gieske accompanied by Mrs. A. Mensing of Chelsea went to Ann Arbor Sunday to see the latter's husband, who is in the hospital.

FREEDOM NEWS.

Miss Lizzie Tirb has been at Bridgewater for some time. Louis Geyer and wife spent Saturday and Sunday at Pittsfield. Sunday, March 20th, four scholars will be confirmed at St. John's church at Roger's Corners. Julius Feldkamp, of Saline, was a guest at the home of Frank Feldkamp from Saturday over Sunday. Ed. Kuhl, Ed. Reno, Charles Schiller, Fred Wagener, and Henry Lutz left Monday evening for Oklahoma. Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Pitzmaier are the happy parents of a baby girl, born Saturday, March 12. Saturday evening a miscellaneous shower was given at the home of Frank Feldkamp in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Feldkamp. About 90 guests were present. The couple received many useful gifts as well as ornamental. Mrs. J. Koengeter and daughter Edna and Mrs. Essig came near getting hurt, while on their way to Chelsea. The horse would not pass over the bridge at Jerusalem and backed the buggy into the ditch. Fortunately no one got hurt. Miss Clara Breitenwischer, eldest daughter of Henry Breitenwischer was quietly married Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock to Mr. Emanuel Feldkamp. Rev. G. Eisen spoke the words that made them one. Many friends are congratulating the groom and wishing the bride much joy.

LIMA CENTER NEWS.

Fred Hoffman, of Francisco, spent Sunday here. Miss Iva Wood is attending business college in Ann Arbor. Irene Strieter, of Ann Arbor, is the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. A. Strieter. Mrs. Leila Guerin, of Chelsea, spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Estella Guerin. Miss Mildred Daniels, of North Lake, teacher of the Lima Center school, is ill at her home. Frank Webb, of Williamston, who has been spending some time here with his brother, returned home Monday. Martha Guerin was born in Seneca county, N. Y., September 22, 1819, where she was married to William Covert. They came to Michigan about 50 years ago and located in Lima. About 8 years ago they went to live with their daughter, Mrs. Emma Covert. William Covert died four years ago. Mrs. Martha Covert died March 8th aged 90 years and six months. She leaves two daughters, Mrs. Emma Covert of Lima, and Mrs. Alice Hawley of Michigan Center. The funeral was held at the house Thursday afternoon, Rev. D. Idle of Chelsea officiating. Interment at Lima Center.

SYLVAN HAPPENINGS.

Geo. Merkel is preparing to build a large granary soon. Earl Bertke spent Saturday and Sunday in Grass Lake. Wm. Uphouse, of Freedom, purchased a fine driving horse of P. Merkel recently. Mrs. Emma Kleinsmith, of Freedom, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Henry Bertke, for a few days. L. D. Loomis is confined to his bed by illness at the home of his daughter, Mrs. R. B. Waltrous. Mrs. Inea Bertke, who has been very ill the past two weeks, is slowly on the gain. Her mother, Mrs. Henry Hines, who has been caring for her returned to her home at Grass Lake Saturday. A Man of Iron Nerve. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are never found where stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills, the matchless regulators for keen brain and strong body. 25c at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co. and L. P. Vogel.

Come Into Our Store Any Day



Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Even some day when you don't need to buy anything, and just look at our great array of Hart Schaffner & Marx fine clothes. You ought to do this for your own sake to see what good clothes really are; to appreciate the advances made in the development of fine clothing in recent years.

These clothes are strictly all-wool; the tailoring is such as few custom tailors are capable of; the style is the most correct and perfect known.

Suits \$20 to \$25

See our special line of Men's Suits at \$15.00 and \$16.50, made of all worsted materials. Style and patterns as good as the more expensive suits.

We'll fit any man who comes to us and do it right.

Boys' Knee Pant Suits

Boys' Knee Pant Suits in all the newest weaves, every suit guaranteed satisfactory, **\$5 to \$10**

We are showing the most up-to-date line of Hats, Caps, Neckwear, Shirts, Underwear, etc., ever shown in Chelsea.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Horse rake in good condition. Used but two years. M. L. Burkhardt, R. F. D. 2, Chelsea. 32

FOR SALE—Quantity of prime clover seed. Price reasonable. Chas. Martin, Chelsea. 33

FOR SALE—Scotch Collie pups. Good stock. Inquire of John Klose, Manchester, R. F. D. 5. 32

FOR SALE—A quantity of good yellow dent assorted corn. Inquire of George Steinbach, Dexter. Phone 157-31. 32

FOR RENT—John Faber's house located near the school house, cement side walks all the way to town, never any water in the cellar; city water in the house. Inquire of John Fletcher at Kemp's bank. 32f

FOR SALE—Good top buggy, made by Ferguson of Ann Arbor. Inquire of Mrs. Daniel McLaughlin. 33

MOLDERS WANTED—Plenty of work. Union shop. Kalamazoo Stove Co., Kalamazoo, Mich. 34

FOR SALE—The C. E. Dewey residence on west Middle street. For particulars inquire of Turnbull & Witherell, attorneys, Chelsea. 20tf

FOR SALE—House and lot on Lincoln street; good well and cistern; fruit trees; chicken house, etc. Albert Eisele, Chelsea. 20tf

HAVING purchased a Suffolk Punch Stallion, I offer him for service at my barn on north Main street every Saturday. Terms \$10. W. J. Beutler. 48

NOW is a good time to inquire about lightning rods. Closer prices than ever before on first-class copper cable. C. W. Ellsworth. 33

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK and White Leghorns.—Anyone interested in the chicken business would feel well paid by a visit to the pens owned by R. W. Hall. During the months of December, January and February two pens of 22 each, Plymouth Rocks and White Leghorns, made a record of over 700 eggs. Settings \$1.00 per 15. Bell phone 58. 30tf.

BOA'S FOR SALE—I have ten fine, new pleasure row-boats for sale. Inquire of L. Tichenor, Chelsea.

FOR SALE—Pure bred buff Orpington roosters, also one black Orpington rooster. Mrs. L. Tichenor.

ROOMS TO RENT—Furnished rooms. Inquire at the Standard office.



Alarms by Telephone

The safety of your family
The protection of your property
The peace of your mind
demand
the greatest of protectors
A Bell Telephone

90% of all fire alarms are said to be given by telephone



CHICKEN FEED

As this is the season of the year when Eggs are worth looking after and your Hens must be feed to produce the best results Don't overlook the fact that we are headquarters of all

EGG PRODUCING MATERIALS

Oyster Shells, Mica Grit, Ground Bone, Beef Scrap, Beef Meal Scratch Feed and Charcoal.

Gold Medal Flour at 85c per sack.

HUMMEL BROTHERS FEED STORE

Our Easter Exhibit

OF MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S FASHIONABLE

Suits, Topcoats and Raincoats

NOW AWAIT YOUR INSPECTION.

All the new spring 1910 styles in hand-tailored, pure woolen garments are ready for you now at our store—comprising the most notable exhibits of strictly high-class tailoring fabrics and styles we have ever shown.

These garments are the finest productions of the best designers in the country and are perfectly modeled, conforming to the lines of every figure. Be you short, tall, slim or stout you will find in these garments a certain grace and elegance that makes them irresistible. Come in and see them.



Spring Shirts.

Our perfect fitting shirts are in a class by themselves—all colors guaranteed. Some altogether new and different patterns are being shown for spring.

FANCY VESTS

In the best domestic and imported fabrics, in white and colors.

Easter Neckwear.

If you want to get a line on what is new for spring we advise you to come and look over our lines, for we have allowed nothing new or good to escape us—the best efforts of the best makers are represented in our stock.

EASTER GLOVES

Best imported and domestic gloves, all colors and styles.

DANCER BROTHERS.

CHELSEA ELEVATOR CO.

We want to bid on your Wheat, Rye and Poultry.

If you contemplate building let us figure on your lumber bill.

Ground Feed, Bran and Middlings for sale.

We will do your Feed Grinding on short notice.

CHELSEA ELEVATOR COMPANY

Safe and Not Safe.

There are no relative degrees of safety in banking. A bank is either safe or unsafe. It is impossible to occupy a middle ground where the bank will be safe for some customers and unsafe for others.

Likewise with a bank's service—it is either good or not good. If it is good, it is good for all customers alike.

You are safe to do business with this bank, as customers will tell you. We manage our business so that we know it is safe for all. In the first place, our stockholder are responsible men. Then we have a secure place for our funds and those of our customers, in our modern safe. All money loaned is secured. We would rather loan money to safe men at a lower rate and know the loan is good than take any risk at a higher rate.

We are prepared to give the same good service to all customers alike. Your business will be better with the safety and service we can render you.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

LOCAL ITEMS.

James H. Wade is confined to his home by illness.

Regular meeting of Olive Chapter O. E. S. March 23.

John Wise is moving into the Lehman house on Garfield street.

Mrs. Jacob Shaver, who was taken ill Saturday, is reported as improving.

John Schiller is moving to the farm known as the Pierce Cassidy place in Lyndon.

Lynn L. Gorton sold to Edward Cooper a Fuller automobile Friday of last week.

Born, March 9, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. Rice Howell, of Seattle, Wash., a daughter.

Emanuel Loeffler sold a span of work horses to James Dann the first of the week.

Miss Mary Haab announces a showing of Easter millinery on Saturday of this week.

Born, Sunday, March 13, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. George Doody, of Lyndon, a daughter.

There will be a regular meeting of the K. O. T. M. M. on Friday evening of this week.

Miller Sisters will have their spring and summer millinery opening Saturday of this week.

A. H. Mensing is in the hospital at Ann Arbor where he is receiving medical treatment.

Guy Hulce and family are moving into the Schnaltman residence on west Middle street.

Albert Eisele is moving to the Michael Wackenhut farm which he purchased last fall.

Mrs. David Alber, sr., who has been seriously ill for the past week is reported as improving.

The Cytmore Club celebrated St. Patrick's Day with Miss Nen Wilkinson Tuesday evening.

George Doody has purchased the interest of Charles Doody in the north woods near Unadilla.

Henry Winters and family are making arrangements to move into the Remnant residence on north Main street.

Thomas McQuillen of Dexter township has rented the Merkel residence on east Summit street and will take possession April 1st.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Dancer of Cleveland, on March 2, a son. Mr. Dancer is a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dancer of this place.

Confirmation exercises will be held in St. John's Geaman Evangelical church of Francisco at 10:30 o'clock next Sunday morning.

A miscellaneous shower was given to Miss Edna Glazier by her young lady friends at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Davis last Saturday afternoon.

There will be a regular communication of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M. Tuesday evening, March 22. The second degree will also be conferred.

Deputy Great Commander Sarah J. LaTour will be with Columbian Hive, 284, at their next regular meeting Tuesday evening, March 22. Initiation.

There will be a box social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Boyce of Lyndon, Friday, March 18, for the benefit of the Lyndon Baptist church. Every one invited.

Next Tuesday evening the children of St. Mary's school will enjoy a week's vacation, the annual Easter vacation. School will be resumed on Wednesday, March 30, 1910.

The firemen will give a grand Easter masquerade ball in the town hall Monday, March 28th. They are now making elaborate preparations for the same and will announce the list of prizes later.

Next Sunday will be Palm Sunday, the beginning of Holy Week. The blessing and distribution of the blessed palm will take place next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart.

The Washtenaw Medical Society, at a recent meeting at which nearly sixty physicians were in attendance, voted unanimously against the state society's plan of organizing for defense against suits for malpractice.

The Ford Bros., who were to appear at the Princess the first three days this week, were unable to make good at their first performance Monday night and the contract was promptly cancelled by Managers Westerland & Geddes.

Within two months it is expected that the Michigan Central tunnel under the Detroit river will be so far completed as to permit the passage of the first train, and by June 1, if no untoward accident occurs, both passengers and freight traffic will be handled on a regular schedule.

Rev. Xavier Sutton, C. P. of Louisville, who gave such a successful mission to non-Catholics last January in Chelsea, will be the guest of Rev. Father Considine next Friday and Saturday. Father Sutton is on his way to Jackson, where he will open a mission next Sunday, March 20 in St. Mary's church.

Married, Wednesday evening, March 16, 1910, at the residence of the officiating clergyman, Rev. Thos. Holmes, D. D., Miss Edna Glazier and Mr. Roland Schenk. Both the young people have lived in Chelsea all their lives, Mr. Schenk being one of the members of the firm of W. P. Schenk & Company, and have the congratulations and best wishes of the entire community.

LIVE FELLOWS WEAR THEM



\$12.00



\$10.00



\$6.00



\$4.50

The Best Made, the Smartest Appearing.

Call and See the Garments; Try Them On

We are now showing, a line of spring suits of unequalled quality.

The product of the best known makers. We can fit you, and the suit will please you in every respect. Not cheap made clothing but high grade clothing at money saving prices.

W. P. Schenk & Co.

The Ladies of Chelsea and Vicinity are Cordially Invited to Attend our

Opening Display of Superb Easter Millinery

—ON—

SATURDAY, MARCH 19, '10.

The "very elite" of fashionable styles for spring. Not a leading favorite shape missing.

MILLER SISTERS



You Will Want a Suit From Our Tempting Array of the Latest Spring Styles!

Each suit is new and correct in every detail. Our selections were made in a most painstaking manner so that we might offer our customers better values than ever before.

We wish to call your attention particularly to the splendid suits at

\$15 and \$20

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY

CASH PAID FOR CREAM

We have established a CREAM STATION at CHELSEA, and J. S. Cummings, our representative, will be on hand Wednesday of each week to receive and pay cash for cream.

You can bring your cream and see it weighed, sampled and tested, and receive your cash on the spot. What can be any fairer or more satisfactory?

AMERICAN FARM PRODUCTS CO. OWOSSO, MICHIGAN.

CHOICE MEATS.

Our Market is always supplied with choice juicy Beef, Veal, Mutton, Pork, Sausages of all kinds, Lard and Chickens. Give us a trial order.

Phone 59 Free Delivery.

VAN RIPER & CHANDLER.

WHY is it that Geo. H. Foster & Son have sold more wind-mills and more pumps than any two firms in Washtenaw County? First—Because they are an old established firm. Second—Because they get the first chance for the agencies on Mills and Pumps, and they take the best every time. Then if there is any one else in their territory who wants to sell mills and pumps they have to take what is left. They are known far and near for drilling wells, and if anyone needs repairs for their wells or mills they can telephone to our store and there will be someone ready to attend to it at once. They are not in business one year and out the next, so you can depend on them. As they do nearly all the plumbing that is done in the village and surrounding country, you can depend on the work being done in a first-class manner. GEO. H. FOSTER & SON.

MRS. G. J. DIEKEMA DIES AT CAPITAL

WIFE OF MICHIGAN'S FIFTH DISTRICT CONGRESSMAN HAD BEEN ILL LONG TIME.

ATTICA MAN'S DEATH AT PORT HURON PREVENTS RECONCILIATION—PARTED TWO YEARS.

Warehouse Owned by Detroit and Two Other Buildings Are Destroyed at Grass Lake.

Mrs. Gerrit J. Diekema, wife of Representative Diekema, of Holland, Mich., died in Washington at noon Sunday at the Dewey hotel. The immediate cause of death was hemorrhage of the stomach. Mrs. Diekema had been confined to her hotel for the past six weeks and, while her condition was regarded as serious, her death was not anticipated. She had not been in the best of health for a year or more, but it was thought that she had recovered, and news of her demise caused a shock among her friends in the Michigan contingent at the capital and in congressional circles generally.

Mrs. Diekema married Congressman Diekema at Holland in 1885. Before her marriage she was Miss Mary Eliza Olcott. Both she and her husband graduated from Hope college in that city. Besides her husband, she is survived by two sons and two daughters.

Dies on His Way to Meet Wife.

Charles Miller, who was on his way from Chicago to Attica, Mich., to effect a reconciliation with his wife, from whom he had been separated for two years, died at the home of his friend, Charles Ogden, in Port Huron.

Tragic circumstances are woven into Miller's death. Upon leaving Chicago, he made a mistake and boarded a through train instead of the local, the former not stopping at Attica. Miller arrived in Port Huron practically stranded, but immediately looked up his friend, Charles Ogden. He was taken care of by the Ogden, and was promised transportation to Attica, where his wife has considerable property. A few hours later Miller complained of feeling ill and suddenly fell to the floor dead.

\$6,000 Fire at Grass Lake.

Fire at Grass Lake destroyed a large warehouse owned by H. M. Hobart, of Detroit, an apple drying plant owned by Mrs. L. D. Marquand, of Grass Lake, and a storehouse owned by J. I. Bartless, of Jackson. The total loss is estimated at \$6,000, partly covered by insurance. The fire started in the roof of the Hobart warehouse, supposedly from a spark from a passing locomotive. In a very short time the big frame structure was in flames.

Dr. Fritch Sentenced.

Dr. George A. Fritch, of Detroit, convicted slayer of Maybelle Millman, must pay the extreme penalty under the law for manslaughter. After denying the motion of his counsel for a stay of sentence, pending the filing of a bill of exceptions to the supreme court, Judge Phelan imposed on the physician a sentence of from 7 1/2 to 15 years in the state prison at Jackson, with the recommendation that he serve the maximum.

New Y. M. C. A. for Flint.

Definite arrangements have been made for the organization of a Y. M. C. A. in Flint. Flint has the greatest proportionate masculine population of any city in the state.

At a meeting of business men a board of directors was chosen and a general secretary elected. The board of directors wishes to raise \$100,000 for a building.

Sen. Smith Visits the Capitol.

Senator William Alden Smith felt so well Monday that with his surgeon's permission he paid a brief visit to the capitol. The senator transacted a little business in his office and spent a few minutes each in the senate and in the supreme court.

William Carleton Spokes, a sophomore in the engineering department of the U. of M., was struck and killed by the eastbound Michigan Central mail train, a mile west of Ann Arbor. At a meeting of the Lansing police and fire boards Saturday evening it was decided to ask an appropriation of \$60,000 for a new fire station in the sixth ward. They also want another fire engine.

Supt. S. S. Judd, of the Michigan Employment Institution for the Blind, has tendered in his resignation to take effect within a month. The board will hold a special meeting March 24 to elect his successor. Judd goes into the manufacturing business in Saginaw.

The Soo bridge across Pike river, three miles south of Dunbar, went down Thursday with a heavy freight train of 20 cars. The train broke in two, and 12 cars went into the stream. The accident is one of the worst in the history of the road and traffic is demoralized. No one was injured.

Exhibits of prize-winning corn from various sections of the lower peninsula were exhibited last week at the M. A. C. in connection with the sixth annual meeting of the Michigan Corn Improvement association. The purpose is to arouse a greater interest in growing a better quality of corn and also to show where the best qualities are grown. Prominent corn growers from all over the state were in attendance.

Clifford C. Ward, who was former part owner of the Hillsdale Standard and late owner of a daily paper in Dowagiac, has purchased part interest in the Charlotte Tribune.

STATE BRIEFS.

The body of an unknown man who perished in the snow was found on the road from Chase to Luther. The authorities are investigating.

Chester E. Jackson, of Ovid, was named by Gov. Warner as county agent of the state board of corrections and charities, for the county of Clinton. He is an ex-member of the state legislature.

Four tons of dynamite are to be exploded simultaneously in the near future at the quarry of the White Marble Lime Co., near Manistiquet. The blast will be the biggest one ever fired in upper Michigan.

Fearing that she would be ejected from her home because she had not paid her rent, and being without means to live, Miss Frances Kewley, aged 52, hanged herself to the rafters of her home at Port Huron.

The First Presbyterian church at Ionia, the construction of which cost \$30,000, was dedicated Sunday night, Rev. David Howells, of Lansing, officiating. Five thousand dollars was subscribed at the morning service.

Ernest Howe, of Homer, met instant death when attempting to jump from a local freight train on the Lansing and Hillsdale branch of the Lake Shore. His head was crushed, and both hands and one leg were cut off.

Two men and four women, members of the Baker Beauty Show company, of Detroit, walked from Ionia to Grand Ledge, a distance of 26 miles, Saturday night to catch a train that they might fill an engagement at Hastings.

The unused mill at Grass Lake owned by Wm. A. Boland, of New York, and Henry Hobart, of Detroit, was destroyed by fire. Loss \$5,000. The mill was full of machinery. The flames for a time threatened the entire town.

Major N. S. Boynton, of Port Huron, known as "The Father of the Maccabees," who has been confined to his bed for several months, is able to be around again. For a time it was feared that his illness would result fatally.

Fr. Thomas Reed, pastor of Holy Name church of Grand Rapids, was badly beaten and robbed of his overcoat and some money by a thug, near the church Thursday night. His life was spared by the failure of the highwayman's gun to explode.

Fifteen-year-old Boyd Hart, of Grand Rapids, dashed into the street in front of a team of runaway draft horses and attempted to stop the horses to prevent them striking a crippled man who was crossing the street in front of them. He was badly hurt and may die.

So distasteful has the appearance of the streets leading up to the railroad passenger station in St. Johns become that the Ladies' Literary club has raised \$250, \$225 of which will be placed in the hands of the common council and the balance will be expended for flowers.

The cast for the French play to be given by students in the French department of the U. of M. has been partially chosen and rehearsals have begun. It is the annual custom of the French department, and the play selected this year is Moliere's comedy, "Le Malade Imaginaire." April 22 is the date selected for its presentation.

Charles Miller, 42, of Chicago, died at the home of a friend in Port Huron Sunday while on his way to effect a reconciliation with his wife, from whom he separated several years ago. Miller left Chicago Saturday for Attica, where his wife was visiting. He missed his destination and was carried through to Port Huron, where he was stricken with heart failure.

A large tract of marsh land in the vicinity of the Canadian club grounds, five miles from Lansing, was burned over Sunday night. No damage to property resulted. The flames cast an extensive reflection in the sky. At first it was feared that the fire would spread to the various club buildings, but a change in the direction of the wind turned the flames back over the burned area.

Renewed interest in the matter of the adoption of a commission form of government in the city of Flint was created at the first annual banquet of the board of commerce, held Wednesday night. Interest centered on three subjects: Good roads, pure water ideas and a change in the present system of government. The latter question has been uppermost in the minds of Flint residents for the past several weeks.

Reeling that the northern district needs the two counties to warrant the calling of the grand jury at each term of court at Bay City, and that they should be left in the northern district to equalize it with the southern, and also that Bay City is just as accessible to the counties as is Detroit, the Saginaw Bar association has gone on record against the detaching of Shiawassee and Genesee counties from the northern federal judicial district.

Approximately one-third of the people of the upper peninsula are Roman Catholics. The district constitutes the diocese of Marquette and Sault Ste. Marie, of which the Rt. Rev. Frederick Eis, of this city, is bishop. The population of the peninsula is 200,000. In round numbers, and of the people 95,000 are members of the Roman church. The diocese is one of the very largest in the northwestern region. There are 85 clergymen and 104 churches, of which 37 are missions. Twenty-four parishes have schools, in which 6,700 children are enrolled.

Refusing to work with Italians, 100 molders employed by the Kalamazoo stove works walked out of the shop. The plant is almost completely tied up. There are no differences between the management and the employees other than that they refuse to work with foreigners. A meeting of the union was immediately called, and it is thought that the strike will be short.

The Michigan Central railroad is planning to build an extension from its Bay City line to some point on the St. Clair river. It is expected an extension will be built from Lenox to Rochester and Utica via Mt. Clemens.

EXPECT DEBATE TO BE LONG ONE

Difference of Opinion Manifested Among Legislators as to Interstate Commerce.

BILL DRAWN BY PRESIDENT

Chief Executive Said to Have Given the Measure His Personal Attention—Projected Court of Patent Appeals—The President's Tour.

Washington.—There is every indication that the debate in the senate on the amendments to the interstate commerce act will be long drawn out and that it will be marked by many of the acrimonious features of the tariff debate of last spring and summer. The alignment of senators on the measure will not be exactly the same as that on the customs measure, but the majority of those who will be in opposition to the bill as it was introduced will be the senators who fought many of the provisions of the Payne-Aldrich bill.

It is doubtful if there ever was introduced into congress a bill upon which there were exactly so many diverse opinions as there are upon this measure which the senate now has under consideration. Of course the measure affects largely the work of the members of the interstate commerce commission, and yet the members of the commission themselves are at variance in their views as to the efficiency of the bill in some of its particulars. The amendments were prepared in the first instance by a committee appointed by President Taft, every one of the members of which was a lawyer of high standing. Then Mr. Taft went over the measure himself, bringing to bear on it all his judicial training. The cabinet officers took it up and sanctioned it and said it was proof against attack in the courts.

There never was such a case perhaps of supposed experts disagreeing on the efficiency of a bill. There is a provision in the proposed legislation which allows the railroads to enter into traffic agreements on rates, the agreements to be submitted to the interstate commerce commission, who shall be allowed to pass only on the question as to whether the rate as an average is exorbitant.

Some members of the interstate commerce commission declare that this takes away much from the proposition as advanced originally by Theodore Roosevelt. The former president agreed that the railroads should be allowed to make traffic pools, but said that the interstate commerce commission should be given the power to nullify them provided it was shown that the pools were contrary to what might be considered public policy. Other members of the commission say that as long as they have the power to get at the rate that is all that is necessary and all in which the people are interested. Mr. Taft and his lawyer members of the cabinet hold to this view and seem to believe that they have smothered the path through many difficulties by giving the railroads the pooling right under the law.

President Taft believes that appeal cases should be put into the hands of the attorney general's office for defense because he has implicit confidence in the ability and sincerity of the law officers connected with the cabinet department. Moreover, he is averse to multiplying the legal departments of the government.

For Court of Patent Appeals. For years the lawyers of the country, particularly the patent lawyers, have endeavored to get congress to pass a bill to establish a United States court of patent appeals. Senator Beveridge recently introduced such a bill in the senate and the judicial committee, through Senator Brown of Nebraska, has just reported it favorably.

The day that this bill was reported to the senate it happened that Frederick P. Fish, an eastern attorney, and who is called the father of the proposed legislation, was arguing a case in the supreme court only a few yards away from the senate chamber. Mr. Fish ten years ago began a campaign for a court of patent appeals, and he has been assisted in the work by Edmund Wetmore of New York, one time president of the American Bar association, and by other prominent attorneys in the work of attempting to secure the passage of the measure.

In discussing the proposed bill, Mr. Fish had something to say about the patent system of the United States and gave some interesting information concerning what might be called the patent industry of the United States and the inventive genius of the American people. "The patent laws are admirable," said Mr. Fish. "The United States has the finest patent system in the world. Under the old British system, which prevails largely throughout Europe to-day, parliament rewarded a man who brought business into the country. He might have picked up the idea in France or Germany or anywhere else, but the prime purpose of the law was to reward him for increasing the business of the kingdom. The United States very wisely established the principle that its citizens should be encouraged to think. We granted a man the exclusive right for 17 years to an in-

vention of his own, on the theory that if the people were encouraged to invent, the business would take care of itself. As a result, we were made a nation of inventors, and we have outstripped the world in the field of mechanics.

"Yet we have no system to-day whereby inventors or the owners of patents can be surely spared the enormous costs and loss of time incident to endless litigation. I would venture to say, from my own experience, that more than half the patents which the people have tried to use have been in litigation at their expiration. The period consumed in litigation, of course, comes out of the life of the patent, and every month of delay is just so much loss not only to the owner, but to the public who would get the benefit of the patent. We have industrial concerns in this country that spend from \$500,000 to \$2,000,000 a year developing patents. If the validity of these patents could be assured promptly, not only would the gain to their owners be great, but the value to the people of the United States would run into uncountable millions.

Salaries Not Adequate. "With issues as great as this at stake, it would seem that congress should look broadly at the question and establish the court on a generous basis. I believe a salary of \$12,000 for the chief justice and \$11,000 for the associate justices is not too great if we are to have a court of patent appeals composed of the ablest judges in the country. The present bill provides salaries of \$10,000 and \$9,500 respectively. This appears to be a large remuneration, but it is not, under the circumstances, if I fear it is not adequate to enable the establishment of the court on a proper basis."

President's Forthcoming Tour. President Taft, who is apparently extremely fond of travel, not so much, his friends say, for travel's sake, but because he has a thought that he ought to give to the people personally and by word of mouth his ideas of government, will start from Washington March 15 on an eight days' journey. It is perfectly true that an outline of the president's speaking program, as already prepared, shows that as far as texts are concerned, he has chosen only one great legislative subject on which to speak, but he probably will say a great many things concerning matters of legislative moment while talking on announced subjects that have no particular bearing on legislative matters.

The president will go from Washington to New York, where he will address a meeting of the members of the Society of Foreign Wars. He will have something to say about patriotism in time of war and this naturally will lead to a discussion of that higher patriotism which induces men to take an active interest in their country's affairs in time of peace.

In Chicago the president will address the newspaper men, the Irish Fellowship club and a great meeting of persons interested in conserving the natural resources of the country. This conservation meeting is the only one at which Mr. Taft, as far as his announcements go, has intimated that he is to speak on a subject which is before congress for legislation.

Firm Friend of Conservation. Because of the widespread interest in the Ballinger-Pinchot inquiry and the charges and countercharges that have been made by the men who are involved in the trouble, it is said that Mr. Taft fears the people will get the idea that he is not the same firm advocate of conservation that he once was. The president's friends say it was because of his absolute desire that the natural resources should be saved that he separated his messages to congress and gave one over wholly to the cause of conservation. This message was sent by itself so that there would be no other matter to draw the attention of congress away from the prime subject which the president wanted it to consider.

Outline of Probable Law. It is probable that congress will pass a law which, so to speak, will separate the surface of the public lands from the deposits which lie underneath. In other words, there will be one means of disposing of the hidden mineral wealth and another means of disposing of the right to farm. The government hereafter, if the Taft idea is to be carried out, wants to retain such control of the mineral wealth underlying the public lands that it can lease the deposits and derive some pecuniary benefit rather than to turn them over to great corporations as has been frequently done in the past. There are other conservation measures, however, which have been recommended and which probably will not get the force of law at this session. The president probably will have a word to say on these measures to his Chicago audience of conservationists.

From the City of the Lakes, Mr. Taft will go east to Rochester, New York, where he will deliver an address, and from there he will go to Albany to speak to the delegates to the Tuberculosis congress.

The president will remain two days in Albany as a guest of Gov. Hughes. After leaving the capital of New York state, Mr. Taft will go to New Haven to attend a meeting of the Yale corporation, of which he is a member. Then he will go to Providence, Rhode Island, to speak to the manufacturing jewelers, and from there he will go to New York to deliver two speeches, one before a Republican gathering at which his speech probably will have a political tone. The president will be at his White House desk again on March 23, to take up once more his struggles with congress.

GEORGE CLINTON.

VIRTUE IN A GOOD PUDDING

In This Instance It Banished "Pa's" Pessimistic Thoughts and Opal Got Her New Dress.

"Land! how disagreeable everything is!" cried Ma, "here's Jule a-gittin' mad at her own brother, and here's you, Opal, havin' no duds to wear to the picnic. But I don't believe I'd ast your Pa for a new dress, 'cause that'd make everything more disagreeable than ever."

But Opal could not give up the idea of a new dress, and so, as soon as her father and her brother Jed were seated at the supper table that evening, she courageously said: "Pa, can I have a new dress to wear to the picnic?"

"A new dress," echoed her father gruffly. "I don't know nothin' about it; but this I do know, we've gotta be awful careful of money jest now while the factory's runnin' light."

"What'd I tell you, Opal?" asked her mother significantly.

Pa ate his potatoes and meat in grim silence. But after he began on the rice pudding his scowl gradually relaxed, and a look of peace over-spread his tired face; for the pudding tasted very good to him. And as he slowly munched the raisins, he glanced speculatively at Opal; then, after every crumb was gone, said pleasantly: "What kind of a dress do you want, Opal?"

"A thin white one; and I can't go to the picnic without a new dress."

Pa sheepishly handed Opal three silver dollars.

"Oh, thank you, Pa," cried Opal joyfully. "Can I have it, Ma?"

"Didn't you Pa give it to you? But I dunno as he would if we hadn't worked on his feelin's with the puddin'," worried Ma.

"A good puddin' turneth away wrath," grinned Pa.—From "Tuggin' in Everybody's."

Brave Nurse Saved Patients.

The story of a nurse's heroism was told at St. Andrew the other day, when the Ambulance association of Scotland awarded their gold medal to Miss Sophie Macpherson for bravery at a fire. Some time ago the Princess Christian mission in Freetown, Sierra Leone, was burned to the ground, the whole building being destroyed in 20 minutes. Miss Macpherson, who was then a sister in the hospital, was walking through the grounds when she observed that the building was on fire. She at once ran to the hospital, and gave the alarm. The native nurses, unfortunately, became excited, but Miss Macpherson got the patients out of bed, and carried them down the outside stair and into a place of safety. She returned several times, in spite of the smoke and flames, and ultimately succeeded in saving all the patients (seven in number) before the arrival of outside help.

Venice Had First Great Bank.

The first great bank in the world was the Bank of Venice, established in 1157, when the Queen City of the Adriatic was at the head of the commerce of the western world. At that time the great current of the trade between Europe and Asia passed through the Persian gulf and the Red sea to Alexandria, Egypt, and was carried in ships across the Mediterranean sea and through the Adriatic to Venice, where it was distributed to various parts of Europe. Venice was a sort of autocratic republic, founded and supported by its merchants, who were famed throughout the world for their wealth and reliability. They founded their bank, which was guaranteed by the government, and was held in high credit in all the great cities on the routes of trade. The word "bank" was derived from the Italian word "banco," a bench or counter over which the business was transacted.

Mrs. Lange Takes Command.

When Rudolph Lange, who arrived on a steamship from Hamburg with his wife and child, bound for Allentown, disembarked from the boat at the Washington avenue wharf one day recently he found that his pocket had been picked of \$80, all the money he possessed.

The man had no money to buy railroad tickets and was in the depths of despondency, until his wife, from some mysterious place, produced \$28.

"Give that to me," said Lange. "Aber nicht," said Mrs. Lange. "In America the frau takes charge of the money, and we will begin being Americans right now."

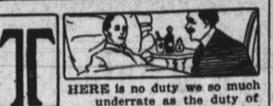
"That's the proper spirit," said an immigrant officer who stood near by. "I guess you'd better give the kid to him."

She did, and, to cap the climax, Lange took him and never made a whimper.—Philadelphia Times.

Real Freak Dance.

Brilliant success is claimed for a freak dance and supper, held recently in Pittsburgh, where everything was done backwards. When the dancers, numbering several hundreds, assembled they found the ballroom surrounded with "magic mirrors." On the back of each guest was pinned his name written backwards. With his supper partner he danced backwards to the banquetting tables, on which the guests sat, while supper was served on the chairs. The meal began with black coffee and ended with soup. It was served by waiters who wore false faces on the back of their heads and walked backwards, with their coats buttoned the reverse way up the back. Dancing opened with the "home waltz" and closed with a grand march.

The KITCHEN GABINET



HERE is no duty we so much underrate as the duty of being happy. By being happy we sow anonymous benefits upon the world, which remain unknown even to ourselves, or when they are disclosed, surprise nobody so much as the benefactor.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Savory Uses of Toast.

To properly prepare toast is a simple enough process, yet it is not an exaggeration to state that but one in a hundred cooks understand the "how." Some people like toast soft inside; but it should never be thus served to an invalid.

The reason that toast is more easily digested than bread is that in toasting, the starch is changed to dextrine by the heat. Dextrine is the first stage in the digestion of starch, and so toast saves the digestive process that work.

The saliva in the mouth changes starch to dextrine, provided we masticate and mix it well before it goes to the stomach.

Bread is toasted, or dried, or browned before the fire or in the heat, to extract the moisture and make it more palatable and digestible. If the slices are cut thick and carelessly exposed to a blazing fire the outside is smoked and blackened before the heat can reach the inside; the moisture is only heated, not evaporated, making it inside, doughy. When such toast is spread with butter which cannot penetrate the charcoal it forms one of the most indigestible of compounds.

The better way is to have the bread cut one-half or one-third of an inch thick; place for a few minutes in the oven to dissipate the moisture, then brown quickly a golden brown over clear, red coals, or a hot gas flame. Butter and serve at once, never piling it in layers as it loses its crispness by standing.

A change from the usual may be made by adding a small quantity of grated cheese to a little thick cream, stir until the cheese is melted, add pepper, salt and a pinch of mustard. Pour over buttered toast and serve.

Cream of Tomato Soup.

Take half a cupful of stewed and strained tomatoes, add a pinch of soda. Make a white sauce of one-half a tablespoonful each of butter and flour, with one cupful of milk. Cook for five minutes, add the tomato and serve seasoned with salt and pepper.

He Was Immune.

An elderly gentleman, traveling in a stagecoach, was amused by the constant fire of words kept up between two ladies. One of them at last kindly inquired if their conversation did not make his head ache, when he answered, with a great deal of naivete: "No, ma'am; I have been married 37 years."

Literary Consistency.

"That woman is never happy except when bothering over the unknowable." "Yes. She used to adore Browning; now she notes on Henry James"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

HEAD, BACK AND LEGS ACHES?

ACHE ALL OVER! Throat sore, with child, Dizziness, Grippe, Fever, Dumb Painkiller will break it up! It takes promptly. All dealers, 25c, 50c and 60c bottles.

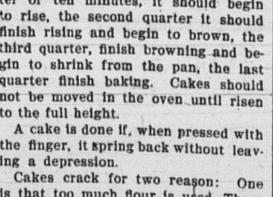
ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE"

That is the signature of W. W. GRIFFIN. Look for the word over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Fear not lest thy life come to an end;

but rather lest it never had a beginning.—Newman.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS



FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES OR RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, BACKACHE. 75c Guaranteed.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Bilelessness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. GENUINE must bear signature.

To See Them All.

Lady (in modern book store)—I wish to see all the latest books. Salesman—Very well, madam. Will you kindly step on board this scenic railway?—Life.

Folly in Anticipating Trouble.

More than half the cares of life are of anticipation.—In the "Swastika."

HER PHYSICIAN APPROVES

Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Sabatius, Maine.—"You told me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills before child-birth, and we are all surprised to see how much good it did. My physician said 'Without doubt it was the Compound that helped you.' Thank you for your kindness in advising me and give you full permission to use my name in your testimonials."

Mrs. H. W. MITCHELL, Box 8, Sabatius, Maine. Another Woman Helped. Granville, Vt. "I was passing through the Change of Life and suffering from nervousness and other annoying symptoms. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health and strength, and proved worth mountains of gold to me. For the sake of other suffering women I am willing you should publish my letter."

Mrs. CHARLES BARCLAY, R.F.D., Granville, Vt. Women who are passing through this critical period or who are suffering from any of those distressing little peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of the fact that for thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills. In almost every community you will find women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Trial Bottle Free By Mail

IF YOU suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, Falling Sickness, Spasms, or have children that do so, my New Cure will relieve them, and all you are asked to do is to send for a Free Trial Bottle of Dr. W. H. May's Epileptic Cure.

It has cured thousands where everything else failed. Guaranteed by Medical Laboratory Under Pure Food and Drug Act, June 30th, 1907. GUARANTEE NO. 1871. Please write for Special Price 63c Bottle and give A.O.B. and complete address. DR. W. H. MAY, 648 Pearl Street, New York.

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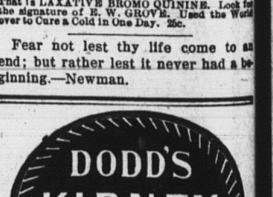
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SERIAL STORY THE LITTLE BROWN JUG AT KILDARE

By MEREDITH NICHOLSON Illustrations by RAY WALTERS

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Thomas Ardmore, bored millionaire, and Henry Maine Griswold, professor in the University of Virginia, take trains out of Atlanta, Griswold to his college, Ardmore in pursuit of a girl who had eloped with him two days before, as their trains stop opposite each other.

CHAPTER I.—Continued.

Prof. Griswold's eyes wandered restlessly from his manuscript to the car ceiling, then furtively to the uncompromisingly averted shoulder and head of the young lady, then back to his lecture notes, until he was weary of the process.

The alligator-hide suitcase thrust under the seat bore the familiar label of a Swiss hotel where Griswold had once spent a week, and spoke of the girl's acquaintance with an ampler world. When Phoebe had brought it forth the initials "B. O." in small black letters suggested Baltimore & Ohio to Griswold's lazy speculations, whereupon he reflected that while Baltimore was plausible, the black servant eliminated Ohio; and as every Virginian knows every other Virginian, he tried to identify her with Old Dominion family names beginning with O, but without result.

He went out to supper, secured the only remaining table for two, and was giving his order when the young lady appeared. She had donned her hat, and as she stood a moment in the entrance, surveying the line of tables, her distinction was undeniable. There were but two vacant places in the car, one facing Griswold, the other across the aisle at a larger table where three men were engaged in animated discussion. The girl viewed the prospect with evident disappointment as the waiter drew out the vacant chair at Griswold's table. She carried herself bravely, but wore still a triste air that touched Griswold's sympathy.

He rose, told the waiter that he would sit at the other table, and the girl murmured her thanks with a forlorn little smile as she took his seat. The appearance of Griswold aroused the Mississippian to a renewal of the discussion of the New Orleans incident. He was in excellent humor, and had carried to the car a quart bottle, which he pushed toward Griswold: "As the governor of North Carolina said to the governor of South Carolina—"

"No, thank you," and as he spoke Griswold's eyes fell upon the girl, and he saw annoyance written fleetingly on her face.

"Well, sir," the Mississippian declared, "after you left us awhile ago we got to talking about Dangerefield and his trouble with Osborne. There's something back of this rumpus. You see, if they lived in the same state you might account for a fierce rivalry between them. Both of 'em, for example, might have the senatorial bee in their bonnets; but either one of 'em could make the senate any time he pleased. I guess they're the two biggest men in the south right now. They're too big to be touchy about any small matter; that's why I reckon there's something behind this little racket over there at New Orleans. No passing remark would send men off that way, so wild that they wouldn't travel on the same train together. Why, gentlemen—"

"Please pass the salt," interposed Griswold.

The Mississippian enjoyed the sound of his own voice, which boomed out above the noise of the train with broad effects of dialect that these types will not be asked to reproduce. Griswold's eyes had again met those of the girl opposite, and there was, he felt, a look of appeal in them. The discussion distressed her, just as the telegrams from New Orleans in the afternoon papers had distressed her, and Griswold began at once to entertain his table companions with his views on a number of national political issues that were as vital to Arizona or Wyoming as to the Carolinas.

When he went back into the car at 11 o'clock he found the girl and her maid still sitting in their sections through most of the other berths, including his own, had been made up. The train was slowing down, and, wishing a breath of air before retiring, he went to the rear platform of the sleeper, which was the last car of the train. The porter had opened the door in the vestibule to allow the brakeman to run back with his torpedoes. The baggage car had developed a hot box, and, jumping out, Griswold saw lanterns flashing ahead while the trainmen labored with the sick wheel. The porter vanished, leaving Griswold alone. The train had stopped at the edge of a small

town, whose scattered houses lay darkly against the hills beyond. The platform lamps of a station shone a quarter of a mile ahead. The feverish steel yielded reluctantly to treatment, and Griswold went forward and watched the men at work for a few minutes, then returned to the end of the train. He swung himself into the vestibule and leaned upon the guard rail, gazing down the track toward the brakeman's lantern. Then he grew impatient at the continued delay and dropped down again, pacing back and forth in the road-bed behind the becalmed train. The night was overcast, with hints of rain in the air, and a little way from the rear lights it was pitch dark. Griswold felt sure that the train would not leave without the brakeman, and he was further reassured by the lanterns of the trainmen beside the baggage car. Suddenly, as he reached the car and turned to retrace his steps, a man sprang up, seemingly from nowhere, and accosted him.

"I reckon y'u're the gov'nor, ain't y'u?"

"Yes, certainly, my man. What can I do for you?" replied Griswold, instantly.

"I reckoned it was y'u when y'u fust come out on the platform. I'm appinted to tell y'u, gov'nor, that if y'u have Bill Applewight arrested in South Carolina, y'u'll get something one of these days y'u won't like. And if y'u try to find me y'u'll get it quicker. Good night, gov'nor."

"Good night!" stammered Griswold. The least irony had crept into the word governor as the man uttered it and slipped away into the darkness. The shadows swallowed him up; the frogs in the ditch, beside the track chanted dolorously; then the locomotive whistled for the brakeman, whose lantern was already bobbing toward the train.

As Griswold swung himself into the vestibule the girl who had borrowed his newspapers turned away hurriedly and walked swiftly before him to her section. The porter, who was gathering her things together, said, as she paused in the aisle by her seat: "Beginnin' to get ready, Miss Osborne. We're gwine into Columbia 30 minutes late all account dat hot box."

Griswold passed on to the smoking compartment and lighted a cigar. His acquaintances of the supper table had retired, and he was glad to be alone with his thoughts before the train reached Columbia. He dealt harshly with himself for his stupidity in not having associated the girl's perturbation over the breach between the governor of North Carolina and the governor of South Carolina with the initials on her traveling bag; he had been very dull, but it was clear to him now that she was either the daughter or some other near relative of Gov. Osborne. In a few minutes she would leave the train at Columbia, where the governor lived, and being a gentleman, he would continue on his way to Richmond, and thence to the university, and the incident would be closed. But Griswold was a lawyer, and he had an old-fashioned southern lawyer's respect for the majesty of law. On the spur of curiosity or impulse he had received a threatening message intended for the governor of South Carolina, who, from the manner of the delivery of the message, had been expected on this train. Griswold argued that the man who had spoken to him had been waiting at the little station near which they had stopped, in the hope of seeing the governor; that the waiting messenger had taken advantage of the unexpected halt of the train, and, further, that some suggestion of the governor in his own appearance had deceived the stranger. He felt the least bit guilty at having deceived the man, but it was now clearly his duty to see that the governor was advised of the threat that had been communicated in so unusual a manner.

He was pondering whether he should do this in person or by letter or telegram, when the rattle of the train over the switch frogs in the Columbia yards brought him to the point of decision. The porter thrust his head into the compartment.

"Columbia, sah. Yo' berth's all ready, sah. Yo' gwine t' Richmond—yes, sah."

His hands were filled with the young lady's luggage. The lettering on the suitcase seemed, in a way, to appeal to Griswold and to fix his determination.

"Porter! Put my things off. I'll wait here for the morning train."

CHAPTER II.

The Absence of Gov. Osborne. Griswold spent the night at the Saluda house, Columbia, and rose in the morning with every intention of seeing Gov. Osborne, or some one in authority at his office, as soon as possible and proceeding to Richmond without further delay. As he scanned the morning newspaper at breakfast he read with chagrin this item, prominently head-lined:

"Gov. Osborne, who was expected home from the Cotton Planters' convention yesterday morning has been unavoidably detained in Atlanta by important personal business. Miss Barbara Osborne arrived last night and proceeded at once to the governor's mansion."

"Several matters of considerable importance await the governor's return. Among these is the matter of dealing with the notorious Bill Applewight. It is understood that the North Carolina officials are unwilling to arrest Applewight, though his hiding-place in the hills on the border near Kildare is well known. Although he dare is well known. The state runs back and forth across the North Carolina at pleasure, he is a North Carolina beyond question, and it's about time Gov. Dangerefield took note of the fact. However, the governor of

South Carolina may be relied on to act with his usual high sense of public duty in this matter."

Prof. Griswold was not pleased to learn that the governor was still absent from the capital. He felt that he deserved better luck after the trouble he had taken to warn the governor. It was now Tuesday; he had no further lectures at the university until the following Monday, and after he had taken his bearings of Columbia, where it occurred to him he had not an acquaintance, he walked toward the capitol with a well-formed idea of seeing the governor's private secretary—and, if that person appeared to be worthy of confidence, apprising him of the governor's danger.

It was not yet nine o'clock when he entered the governor's office. He waited in the reception-room, adjoining the official chamber, but the several desks of the clerical staff remained unoccupied. He chafed a bit as time passed and no one appeared, for his north-bound train left at 11, and he could not fairly be asked to waste the entire day here. He was pacing the floor, expecting one of the clerks to appear at any moment, when a man entered hurriedly, walked to the closed inner door, shook it impatiently, and kicked it angrily as he turned away. He was a short, thick-set man of 35, dressed in blue serge, and his movements were quick and nervous. He growled under his breath and swung round upon Griswold as though to tax him with responsibility for the closed door.

"Has no one been here this morning?" he demanded, glaring at the closed desks.

"If you don't count me I should answer no," replied Griswold quietly.

"Oh!" The two gentlemen regarded each other for a moment, contemptuous dislike clearly written on the smaller man's face, Griswold half-smiling and indifferent.

"I am waiting for the governor," remarked Griswold, thinking to gain information.

"Then you're likely to wait some time," jerked the other. "The whole place seems to be abandoned. I never saw such a lot of people."

"Not having seen them myself, I must reserve judgment," Griswold remarked, and the blue serge suit fung out of the room.

Presently another figure darkened the entrance, and the colored servant whom Griswold had seen attending Miss Osborne on the train from Atlanta swept into the reception-room and, grandly ignoring his presence, sat down in a chair nearest the closed door of the inner chamber. Griswold felt that this was encouraging, as implying some link between the governor and his domestic household and he was about to ask the colored woman if she knew the business hours of the office when the closed door opened and Miss Osborne appeared on the threshold. The colored woman rose, and Griswold, who happened to be facing the door when it swung open with such startling suddenness, stared an instant and bowed profoundly.

"I beg your pardon, but I wish very much to see Gov. Osborne or his secretary."

Miss Osborne, in white, trafficking a white parasol in her hand, and with white roses in her belt, still stood withdrawn inside the private office.

"I am very sorry that Gov. Osborne and his secretary are both absent."

"I Reckon Y'u're the Gov'nor, Ain't she answered, and the two eyed each other gravely. Griswold felt that the brown eyes into which he looked had lately known tears; but she held her head high, with a certain defiance, even.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Where Belshazzar Feasted. German excavators in the ruins of Babylon have been looking over Nebuchadnezzar's palace. The ancient city is buried beneath the remnants of superimposed buildings, but the tomb of the old civilization has been made to yield its secrets. There has been found the great oblong hall, with an alcove for the throne, where Belshazzar held the famous feast and heard the warning voice of the prophet. Many relics of those precursors of the modern public dinner have been discovered. The architecture of one days seems to have been mighty. One of the outer walls of the palace was more than 24 yards thick.

Growing Cotton in Palestine. Cotton growing is being resumed in Palestine. An extensive suitable area is available. During our civil war cotton was cultivated there on an extensive scale, of which several old cotton presses still bear witness. It is said that the cotton was of very good quality. Companies are being organized in Turkey of late years, a distinct revival of the cotton industry has become manifest.

THE PROPER PINE TO USE FOR COUGHS AND COLD

Many pine extracts contain resins causing nausea and cramps. For most reliable and quickest results in curing a severe cough or cold follow this formula: "Get two ounces of Glycerine and half an ounce of Concentrated Pine compound. Then get half a pint of good whiskey and put the other two ingredients into it. Take a teaspoonful to a tablespoonful of this mixture after each meal and at bed time." But be sure to get the genuine Concentrated Pine. Each half ounce bottle comes in a tin screw-top case. Any druggist has it on hand or will quickly get it from his wholesale house.

TRAGIC.



"I wrote her a poem on my new typewriter. It began 'How like a flower your face is!'"

"Yes." "The cursed machine wrote it, 'How like four your face is!'"

A New Version. Apropos of George Washington and the cherry tree story, Senator Beveridge said at a dinner in Indianapolis: "I asked a little boy what this story was the other day, and he actually didn't know. He said he knew, though, the story about the judgment of Solomon, and he proceeded to tell it to me."

"Solomon," he said, "was a very wise man. One day two women went to him, quarreling about a baby. The first woman said, 'It is my child.' The second said, 'No, it is mine.'"

"But Solomon spoke up and declared: 'No, no, ladies; do not quarrel. Give me my sword and I will make twins of him, so that each of you will be supplied.'"

Cause of the Increase. Going downtown the other morning in the street car Judge Reid looked up from his newspaper. "I see that the publisher of Anybody's makes the claim that his magazine has a larger circulation than yours," he remarked to the proprietor of the Earth Monthly.

"Well, it's my fault if it has," snapped the other; "like a fool, I've been letting him run one of his ads. in the Earth."—Chicago News.

A Hard Worker. Tramp—I'd like ter do something to pay for all this, but I'm a cripple, mum. Housekeeper—You don't look it. What's the matter? Tramp—Writer's cramp, mum. I've been keeping a list of all the people who offered me work, mum.

Fighters. Yeast—Did you say the boy came from a fighting family? Crimsonbeak—Yes; his father was a colonel in the army and his mother was a suffragette.—Yonkers Statesman.

Back on Earth. "I hear your son is something of an aviator, Mrs. Comeup." "Well, to tell the truth, he was a bit that way, but he's taken the pledge."

Consistency. "It seems to me that your husband is not of a very even temper." "Oh, he certainly is. He growls the whole time."—Rire.

WHAT'S THE USE Sticking to a Habit When It Means Discomfort? Old King Coffee knocks subjects out tolerably flat at times, and there is no possible doubt of what did it. A Mich. woman gives her experience: "I used to have liver trouble nearly all of the time and took medicine which relieved me only for a little while. Then every once in a while I would be suddenly doubled up with an awful agony in my stomach. It seemed as though every time I took a breath I would die. No one could suffer any more and live."

"Finally I got down so sick with catarrh of the stomach that I could not turn over in bed, and my stomach did not digest even milk. The doctor finally told me that if I did not give up drinking coffee I would surely die, but I felt I could not give it up."

"However, Husband brought home a package of Postum and it was made strictly according to directions. It was the only thing that would stay on my stomach, and I soon got so I liked it very much."

THE MOTHER AND THE BOY

Childish Confidences That Should Never Be Repelled, But Always Encouraged.

A boy's heart is full and overflowing. He needs some one who will listen to his confidences. If he is repelled and finds himself alone, he becomes fretful, indolent or worse. His affairs are not "nonsense." A good mother never says: "Run away; I am busy." She listens, encourages.

Important discoveries may be made in these outpourings. She gives sympathy, enters into his feelings, sees things from his point of view. If he tells her of something which proves that he is at fault, she does not reprimand at the time, because this will check further confidences. She gives her attention quietly, tells him she is glad he has confided in her, and that she will talk of it again to him.

If a mother has insight she can solve many problems. She is interested in her boy's sports, collections, his school and companions. The choice of his companions should not be left to chance. It is well if they are from families known to his parents.

TINY BABY'S PITIFUL CASE

"Our baby when two months old was suffering with terrible eczema from head to foot, all over her body. The baby looked just like a skinned rabbit. We were unable to put clothes on her. At first it seemed to be a few matted pimples. They would break the skin and peel off leaving the underneath skin red as though it were scalds. Then a few more pimples would appear and spread all over the body, leaving the baby all raw without skin from head to foot. On top of her head there appeared a heavy scab a quarter of an inch thick. It was awful to see so small a baby look as she did. Imagine! The doctor was afraid to put his hands to the child. We tried several doctors' remedies but all failed."

"Then we decided to try Cuticura. By using the Cuticura Ointment we softened the scab and it came off. Under this, where the real matter was, by washing with the Cuticura Soap and applying the Cuticura Ointment, a new skin soon appeared. We also gave baby four drops of the Cuticura Resolvent three times daily. After three days you could see the baby gaining a little skin which would peel off and heal underneath. Now the baby is four months old. She is a fine picture of a fat little baby and all is well. We only used one cake of Cuticura Soap, two boxes of Cuticura Ointment and one bottle of Cuticura Resolvent. If people would know what Cuticura is there would be few suffering with eczema. Mrs. Joseph Kossmann, 7 St. John's Place, Ridgewood Heights, N. Y., Apr. 30 and May 4, '09."

Danger in Spitting on Sidewalks. In order to show that spitting on the sidewalks is dangerous to health, an investigation has been made by Dr. John Robertson, medical health officer of Birmingham, England, which shows that seven per cent. of the "spits" collected in public places contained consumption germs. On the other hand the dust collected from the floors of the cottages of the Adirondack Cottage sanitarium has been found to be free of tuberculosis germs, showing that a careful consumptive is not dangerous.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY, Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 10th day of December, A. D. 1888.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. HALL'S Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Foe to Progress. "There are many foes to human progress among us," said the gloomy philosopher.

"Yes," answered the busy man, "and the worst is the person who insists on running a revolving door the wrong way."

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *W. D. Hoagland*. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A Personal Definition. Penley (stuck for a word)—Let's see! What is that you call a man who marries more than one wife? Group—An idiot, I call him.—Boston Transcript.

Pettit's Eye Salve 100 Years Old, relieves tired eyes, quickly cures eye aches, inflamed, sore, watery or ulcerated eyes. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N.Y.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

When the worst comes to the worst one may as well try to make the best of it. BARKING, HACKING, RASPING COUGH can be broken quickly by Allen's Lung Balm. This old, reliable remedy has been sold for over 60 years. Ask your druggist about it. Never depend on a stuttering man, he'll break his word.

How long will a barn last?

It depends largely on whether it is a painted barn or an unpainted one. Paint doubles the life of a barn. Is yours painted? and is it painted with good paint?

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CREOSOTE PAINT

is economical and has the lasting qualities that make it excellent for the protection of barns, outbuildings, fences, or for any other surfaces where rough lumber is used. The Creosote in the paint acts as a wood preservative. A gallon covers a large surface and therefore brings the cost of painting down to a minimum. Creosote Paint comes in 19 good shades and will outlast by years the cheaper barn paints where the first cost is low, but which in the end cost more because of the necessity for "renewals." Ask your dealer for S-W Creosote Paint. If he hasn't got it in stock, write us direct.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS AND VARNISHES

600 CANAL ROAD. THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO

Look for the Tiger on the package when you are buying fine cut and you will always get a delicious chew. A perfect tobacco in perfect condition. Full-flavored, sweet and clean. TIGER FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO. marks a new era in selling fine cut. Not sold loose from an open, dust-collecting pail. But put up in air-tight, dust-proof packages that are packed in a tin canister. Always moist—Always clean—Always the proper chew. 5 Cents. Weight Guaranteed by the United States Government. SOLD EVERYWHERE.



The Right Way

In all Cases of DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, INFLUENZA COLDS, ETC.

Of all Horses, Brood Mares, Colts, Stallions, is to

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On their tongues or in the feed put Spohn's Liquid Compound. Give the remedy to all of them. It acts on the blood and glands. It routs the disease by expelling the disease germs. It wards off the trouble no matter how they are "exposed." Absolutely free from anything injurious, a child can safely take it. 50 cents and \$1.00; 85.00 and \$10.00 the dozen. Sold by druggists, harness dealers, or sent, express paid, by the manufacturers. Special Agents Wanted. SPOHN MEDICAL CO. Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

THINKING OF BUYING A SEPARATOR? Just a moment, Mr. Farmer, or Mr. Dairyman; do you know what make of machine will give you the best results, work easiest, last longest and is cleaned the quickest? Remember, used twice a day, 14 times a week or 730 times a year involves a strain that demands perfect construction. A National Cream Separator will easily prove its superiority on examination or comparison with other makes. Through tests have demonstrated that it skims cleaner than any other machine made. The comparatively few parts make it easiest to run and keep clean. Let us send you our catalogue containing full particulars and testimonials of hundreds of satisfied owners. Then ask and insist on your dealer demonstrating a National before buying. THE NATIONAL DAIRY MACHINE COMPANY, Goshen, Indiana, Chicago, Illinois.

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is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer, everywhere. STANDARD OIL CO. (Incorporated)

Quick—Simple—Easy NO STROPPING NO HONING Gillette KNOWN THE WORLD OVER. PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 48-page Book Free. Ref. Sent Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box 8, Washington, D.C. PATENT Book and Advice FREE. Name, Address & Location, Washington, D.C. Ref. & Fee. Best references.

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A dead liver means awful sickness—don't let it come when it can be prevented. Cascarets keep the liver lively and bowels regular and ward off serious, fatal illness. CASCARETS—the best—week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest offer in the world. Million boxes a month.

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Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. The dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors.

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Has demonstrated that of two loaves of bread, one raised with Royal Baking Powder, and the other with alum baking powder, the Royal raised loaf is 32 per cent. more digestible than the other.

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BREVITIES

ANN ARBOR—Claiming that Wm. Shipley, father of his best girl, borrowed \$9 from him in installments of \$3 each and forgot to pay it back, Ned Pelky secured a judgment for the amount in Justice Ritchie's court.

BLISSFIELD—Andrew Fisher, aged 60, a local jeweler, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with an old pistol. He had shown signs of insanity and relatives had taken steps to send him to an asylum. A widow and two daughters survive.

DEXTER—The case of Wm. Tufts, charged with entering Thomas Bell's fur storehouse a few weeks ago and removing a quantity of fur, was heard in the circuit court this week. He entered a plea of guilty to the charge of larceny over \$25, and owing to the fact that restitution had been made and that he had always borne an excellent reputation he received a suspended sentence.

ANN ARBOR—Miss Anna G. Matterson, a young school teacher in this city, died Friday night as the result of injuries received in a coasting accident five weeks ago. The young lady received two broken legs at the time and has been in the hospital since. Her parents objected to the amputation of her limbs and would not consent until Friday when it was too late. The night of the accident Miss Matterson did not wish to go coasting but was urged to do so by a friend. She started to go home about ten o'clock, but was tempted to take just one more ride, and this chanced to be the unlucky one.

STOCKBRIDGE—Sunday morning about 12:20 o'clock an alarm of fire was given to which the fire company and men of Stockbridge quickly responded. The fire was located in the coach factory owned by the Milner Bros. The fire being on the second floor was quickly extinguished, but the fire being in the wall made it very hard to get at. After an hour and a half of heroic labor the fire was practically out. About 8 o'clock it broke out again but men on guard quickly had it out. Much damage was done by the building and much of the upholstery was either destroyed by fire or water. The stock was covered by insurance but the loss will be considerable.

GRASS LAKE—Fire Sunday afternoon destroyed a large warehouse owned by H. M. Hobart, of Detroit, an apple drying plant owned by Mrs. L. D. Marquand of this village and a storehouse owned by J. I. Bartlett, of Jackson. The total loss is estimated at \$6,000, partly covered by insurance. The fire started in the roof of the Hobart warehouse, supposedly from a spark from a passing locomotive. In a very short time the big frame structure was in flames. Fanned by a heavy gale, the flames spread rapidly and despite the efforts of the local fire fighters soon leaped to the apple dryer and then to the Bartlett storehouse. Aid was summoned from Jackson and that city promptly responded with men and fire-fighting apparatus. After several hours hard work the fire was brought under control. Hobart carried \$2,000 insurance on his warehouse.

ANN ARBOR—About 40 students from the forestry department will spend their spring vacation this year on a farm, near Geddes, planting trees for the Edison Power company. About 175,000 trees will be set out by the company this year in their tracts of land along the Huron river.

JACKSON—Peter Zens, convicted of violating the local option law, was sentenced in circuit court to 50 days in jail, to pay \$150 fine and \$20 costs, and in default of payment 90 additional days in jail. James Donovan, convicted of larceny, was sentenced to state prison for from 2 1/2 to 5 years, with a recommendation of five years.

FREE IF IT FAILS

Your Money Back if You Are Not Satisfied With The Medicine We Recommend.

We are so positive that our remedy will permanently relieve constipation, no matter how chronic it may be, that we offer to furnish the medicine at our expense should it fail to produce satisfactory results.

It is worse than useless to attempt to cure constipation with cathartic drugs. Laxatives or cathartics do much harm. They cause a reaction, irritate and weaken the bowels and tend to make constipation more chronic. Besides, their use becomes a habit that is dangerous.

Constipation is caused by a weakness of the nerves and muscles of the large intestine or descending colon. To expect permanent relief you must therefore tone up and strengthen these organs and restore them to healthier activity.

The discovery of the active principle of our remedy involved the labor of the world's greatest research chemists. As an active agent it possesses the valuable qualities of the best known intestinal tonics as well as being particularly pleasant and prompt in its results.

We want you to try Rexall Orderlies on our recommendation. They are exceedingly pleasant to take, being eaten like candy, and are ideal for children, delicate persons and old folks, as well as for the robust. They act directly on the nerves and muscles of the bowels. They apparently have a neutral action on other associate organs or glands. They do not purge, cause excessive looseness nor create any inconvenience whatever. They may be taken at any time, day or night. They will positively relieve chronic or habitual constipation, if not of surgical variety and the myriads of associate or dependent chronic ailments, if taken with regularity for a reasonable length of time. They come in two sizes of packages, 12 tablets, 10 cents; 36 tablets, 25 cents. Sold in Chelsea only at our store—The Rexall Store, L. T. Freeman Co.

"The First Night."

Lillian Russell has just completed the most sensational tour of the south and middle west ever made by the famous beauty. Her new comedy hit, "The First Night," caught on everywhere, but it remained for Jackson, Miss., to give it the acid test. The legislature adjourned that evening after a hot ballot on the Senatorial deadlock between Vardaman and his opponents and they all went to the theatre to see Miss Russell.

She did not reach Jackson that night until 9 o'clock owing to a wreck on the railroad and the curtain did not go up on the first act until 10:30 o'clock. In spite of this the crowded house waited patiently and though the performance did not finish until nearly 1 a. m., they enjoyed it immensely. "The best proof of this was that Manager Marshall wrote in the next week for a return date. Miss Russell says that demonstrated that they surely liked "The First Night." It is a light comedy bordering upon the farce which George V. Hobart adapted from the German. Miss Russell and her splendid company will be seen in Ann Arbor at the new Whaley theatre Thursday, March 24.

CHURCH CIRCLES

CONGREGATIONAL.
Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor.
"Jesus Christ the Saviour of the World" will be the subject Sunday a. m.
Young People's meeting at 6:15 p. m.
Special Passion Week service 7 p. m. The last week of the life of Christ will be the theme of the evening. Special music appropriate to the subject will be furnished by Elmer Winans, Howard Boyd and the Junior choir.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.
Rev. Dunning Idle, Pastor.
Class meeting at 9 a. m.
Morning worship and Bible school at 10 a. m. Subject, "Across the Sea."
Junior League at 3 p. m.
Epworth League at 6:15 p. m. Leader, Miss Maud Kalmbach.
Evening service at 7 p. m. Subject, "What Is the Greatest Calamity?"
Prayer service Thursday evening at 7:15 o'clock.
You are cordially invited to all the services of the church.

ST. PAUL'S.
Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.
Next Sunday morning at 10:30 the following class will be confirmed: Rudolph Widmayer, Theodore Paul, Louis Eppler, Julius Kaercher, Clara Maute, Arline Reule, Norma Laubengayer, Marie Wackenhut, Emilie Kannooski and Alma Widmayer.
In the evening there will be a re-union of all the confirmation classes. Rev. Oscar Laubengayer of Francisco will conduct the service.
Services on Good Friday at 10:30 a. m.
In the evening at 7:30 there will be a liturgical service.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH,
NEAR FRANCISCO.
Rev. J. E. Beal, Pastor.
Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.
German preaching at 10:30 a. m.
Beginning with next Sabbath evening, March 20, the evening services will begin at 7:30 instead of 7.
The Woman's Bible Study class will meet on Wednesday, March 23, with Mrs. Lewis Kilmer.
Weekly devotional service will be held on Friday evening at 7:30.
On Good Friday services will be held both morning and evening.
Easter will be observed with appropriate services. Special music will be rendered.

Farmers and Business Men, Attention.

If you want a machine that will carry four passengers over any roads nine or ten months in a year at little expense this is the machine for you to buy.

MADE IN JACKSON

It has solid tires. No tire trouble. No extra tires strapped on the side. No pumping. Wheels 36-inches. Plenty of power. Two cylinder opposed 22-horse power. Easy riding. Long wheel base and four full elliptic springs. Removable rear seat. Magneto ignition. Shaft Drive. Licensed under the Selden patent.

400 SOLD LAST YEAR

A solid tire machine that rides and drives as easy as a pneumatic. Sold by

LYNN L. GORTON, Waterloo, Mich.

Have You Tried MO-KA?

The Pure, Wholesome, Delicious HIGH-GRADE COFFEE

20 Cents the Pound.

Put up only in 1-lb. air-tight yellow packages, thus preserving its purity, strength, flavor, aroma and cleanliness.

Mo-Ka Coffee Will Please You

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR MO-KA.

To Eat or Not to Eat

IS A QUESTION EASILY SETTLED WHEN YOU BUY YOUR MEAT OF US

Our meats are justly famous for their freshness and tender and juicy qualities. All kinds of sausage, also smoked meats.

OUR STEAM KETTLE RENDERED LARD HAS NO EQUAL. TRY A PAIL OR CAN.

ADAM EPPLER

Men's Work Shoe Sale

After invoicing we find we have too many odds and ends of Men's Work Shoes, mostly large sizes. Next week we will be in position to place on the bargain table men's work shoes at about ONE-HALF regular price. Watch this space for bargains.

JOHN FARRELL & CO.

JEWELRY.

A complete line of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, etc. A new lot of Set Rings at a bargain. See our line of Silverware you purchase.

A. E. WINANS & SON, Jewelers.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Princess Theatre
Westerland & Geddes, Props.
CHELSEA, - MICHIGAN.

Friday Night
"The Power of Love"
A Powerful Drama
Admission 5 Cents

Saturday Night
3,000 FEET
Best Selected Pictures
2-ILLUSTRATED SONGS-2
Sung by
MISS MARY SPIRNAGLE
5 Cents.—Admission—10 Cents

Chelsea Greenhouses
CUT FLOWERS
POTTED PLANTS
FUNERAL DESIGNS
ELVIRA CLARK,
Phone 180-2-1-1-s FLORIST

Mortgage Sale.

WHEREAS, James H. Dean and Elvira Dean, his wife, of the village of Chelsea, County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, made and executed a certain mortgage, to Emory E. Leland, of the township of Lima, county and state aforesaid, bearing date the 25th day of August, A. D. 1897, which was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Washtenaw, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1897, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, in Liber 107 of mortgages, on page 57.

And whereas the amount claimed to be due upon said mortgage in the sum of \$250.00, and the suit or proceeding has been instituted by law to recover the debt now remaining secured thereon, or any part thereof.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the money secured by said mortgage, whereby the power of sale contained therein has become operative.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, in virtue of the power of sale, and in pursuance thereof, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises, at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the public front door of the court house, at the city of Ann Arbor, in said county of Washtenaw, that being the place of holding the circuit court within said county, on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; the description of which said premises contained in said mortgage is as follows: All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the Village of Chelsea, in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, and described as follows: Lot 1, Lot 2, Lot 3 (3) in block number two (2), according to the recorded plat of James M. Congdon's Third Addition to the Village of Chelsea.

Dated, November 27th, 1909.

EMORY E. LELAND, Mortgagee.
JOHN KALMBACH, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Business address, Chelsea, Mich.

1119
Commissioner's Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county, Commissioner to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Amida Remnant, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at John Kalmbach's office, in the village of Chelsea, in said county, on the 11th day of May, and on the 11th day of July next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, Ann Arbor, Mich., March 11th, 1910.

G. W. BECKWITH,
JACOB HUYSEN,
Commissioners.

Probate Order

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 16th day of March, in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Richard Wheeler, deceased.

William Wheeler, executor of the will of said deceased, having filed in this court his final account, and praying that the same may be heard and allowed.

It is ordered, that the 9th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
[A true copy.]
DORCAS C. DONOHAN, Register. 35

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a mortgage bearing date January 21, 1892, made and executed by James N. Wallace and wife, L. Wallace to Martha B. Beal recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Washtenaw county, state of Michigan, on the 20th day of January, 1892, in Liber 81 of mortgages on page 20. Which mortgage was duly assigned by Martha S. Beal to Mary B. Norton on the 10th day of May, 1909, and said assignment recorded in said Register's office on the 8th day of January, 1909 in Liber 81 of assignment of mortgages on page 35. Upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal, interest and attorneys fee as provided in said mortgage the sum of Twenty-one Hundred and Sixty-two Dollars.

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises at public vendue to the highest bidder on the day of May, next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the southern front door of the court house, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage, and all legal costs, to-wit: That certain pieces or parcels of land situated in the city of Ypsilanti, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, described as lots one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4) in Davis' addition to the city of Ypsilanti, Michigan.

Dated February 23, 1910.

MARY B. NORTON,
Assignee of said Mortgage.

D. C. GRIPPIN,
Attorney for Assignee.
Ypsilanti, Michigan. 42

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 2nd day of February, in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Jacob Edet, incompetent.

On reading and filing the petition of Jacob Hummel, guardian of said estate, praying that the said Jacob Edet be licensed to sell certain real estate described therein at private sale for the purpose of reinstatement.

It is Ordered, That the 18th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further Ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
[A true copy.]
DORCAS C. DONOHAN, Register. 32

SYLVAN THEATRE
Wirt S. McLaren, Mgr.
Chelsea, - - Michigan

SATURDAY EVENING, March 19, 1910

J. C. Rockwell's New
SUNNY SOUTH CO.

America's Greatest of All Colored Shows.

Best in Quality. Largest in Number. A Show that Pleases Everyone.

IT IS ORIGINAL AND EXTREMELY FUNNY THE BEST SINGERS AND DANCERS IN AMERICA ARE WITH THIS COMPANY.

KING OF KOUNTOWN COMEDY
BAND AND ORCHESTRA.
Prices: 25, 50 and 75 cents. Seats now on sale at H. H. Fenn Company's.

The Moler Barber College
of Chicago, Ill., wants men to learn the barber trade. They offer splendid inducements, and a short term completes. They mail free a beautiful catalogue and ask all our readers to send for it.

Business Education

such as is obtainable at The Detroit Business University is one of the surest passports to success. For catalogue by return mail. Write E. F. Shaw, Sec'y., 15 Grand River Ave., E., Detroit, Mich.

DETROIT UNITED LINES

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

LIMITED CARS.
East bound, 7:24 am 1:24 pm 4:24 pm 7:24 pm
West bound, 9:45 am 2:45 pm 5:45 pm 8:45 pm

LOCAL CARS.
East bound, 6:10 am, and every two hours to 10:10 pm. To Ypsilanti only, 11:35 pm.
West bound, 6:20 and 7:50 am, and every two hours to 11:50 pm.

Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.